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Community Planning and Development
FY 2024 and FY 2025 Continuum of Care Competition and Renewal or Replacement of Youth
Homeless Demonstration Program Grants

Funding Opportunity Number:

FR-6800-N-25

Assistance Listing Number (formerly CFDA Number):

14.267

Due Date for Applications:

08/29/2025

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) issues this Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) to invite applications from eligible applicants for the program and purpose described within this NOFO. You, as a prospective applicant, should carefully read all instructions in all sections to avoid sending an incomplete or ineligible application. HUD funding is highly competitive. Failure to respond accurately to any submission requirement could result in an incomplete or noncompetitive proposal.

In accordance with [Title 24 part 4, subpart B](#) of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), during the selection process (which includes HUD’s NOFO development and publication and concludes with the award of assistance), HUD is prohibited from disclosing covered selection information. Examples of impermissible disclosures include: 1) information regarding any applicant’s relative standing; 2) the amount of assistance requested by any applicant; and 3) any information

contained in the application. Prior to the application deadline, HUD may not disclose the identity of any applicant or the number of applicants who have applied for assistance.

For further information regarding this NOFO, direct questions regarding the specific requirements of this NOFO to the agency contact identified in Section VIII.

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement. The information collection requirements in this notice were approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 ([44 U.S.C. §§ 3501- 3520](#)) (PRA). In accordance with the PRA, HUD may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid OMB control number. This NOFO identifies the applicable OMB control number, unless the collection of information is excluded from these requirements under [5 CFR part 1320](#).

OMB Control Number(s):

2506-0112

I. FUNDING OPPORTUNITY DESCRIPTION

A. Program Description

The Continuum of Care (CoC) Program is designed to promote a community-wide commitment to the goal of ending homelessness; to provide funding for efforts by nonprofit providers, States, Indian Tribes or Tribally Designated Housing Entities [as defined in section 4 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103) (TDHEs)], and local governments to quickly rehouse individuals and families experiencing homelessness, persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, and youth experiencing homelessness while minimizing the trauma and dislocation caused by homelessness; to promote access to and effective utilization of mainstream programs by homeless individuals and families, and to optimize self-sufficiency among those experiencing homelessness.

The goal of the Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program (YHDP) is to support the development and implementation of a coordinated community approach to preventing and ending youth homelessness and sharing that experience with and mobilizing communities around the country toward the same end. The population to be served by the demonstration program is youth ages 24 and younger who are experiencing homelessness, including unaccompanied and pregnant or parenting youth.

1. Authority

The CoC Program is authorized by subtitle C of title IV of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, (42 U.S.C. 11381–11389) (the Act), and the CoC Program rule found in 24 CFR part 578 (the Rule).

The FY 2024 funds are authorized by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 (Public Law 118-42, approved March 9, 2024). The noncompetitive or competitive renewal or replacement of YHDP grants under the CoC program, and HUD’s authority to issue a 2-year NOFO are authorized by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 and any FY 2025 funding will be authorized by a FY 2025 Congressional Appropriation.

2. Deadline.

This NOFO establishes two deadlines for submitting applications to HUD for the FY 2024 - FY 2025 CoC Program Competition and the Renewal and Replacement of YHDP grants. The deadline to submit CoC Consolidated applications and project applications for FY 2024 funds is 8:00 PM EDT on October 30, 2024. Applicants must complete and submit their applications in *e-snaps* at <https://esnaps.hud.gov/>. See Sections IV.F and G of this NOFO for application submission and timely receipt requirements.

CoC and YHDP Renewal grants that do not meet the renewal eligibility requirements for FY 2024 funding but are eligible for renewal when FY 2025 Congressional Appropriations are made available, must submit applications for FY 2025 funding by the application submission deadline of 8:00 PM EDT on August 29, 2025. Applicants with CoC projects that wish to reallocate eligible renewal projects and create new projects in the FY 2025 funding process must also submit those applications for reallocation by the application submission deadline of 8:00 PM EDT on August 29, 2025. Applicants with YHDP Projects that expire in CY 2025 may non-competitively renew or replace those projects and must submit an application by 8:00 PM EDT on August 29, 2025.

HUD may also amend this NOFO if necessary to make additional funds available.

3. Changes from Previous NOFO

a. Changes to Tiering. Tier 1 is set at 90 percent of the CoC's Annual Renewal Demand (ARD).

b. 2-Year NOFO. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 authorizes HUD to issue a single 2-year NOFO for fiscal years 2024 and 2025.

The application and selection process for the FY 2024 funds awarded through this NOFO (the FY 2024 CoC Program and YHDP funds) will proceed much like it has in prior-year competitions. However, CoCs are only required to submit one CoC application that will be applicable to the FY 2024 and FY 2025 funds. HUD reserves the right to award available FY 2025 funds (the FY 2025 CoC program and YHDP funds) based on this NOFO competition. Projects that are awarded FY 2024 funds may be eligible for award of FY 2025 funds using their FY 2024 application submission and are not required to apply for renewal for FY 2025 funds. CoC and YHDP renewal projects expiring in CY 2025 (January 1, 2025, and ending December 31, 2025) are eligible to be renewed with FY 2024 CoC and YHDP funds. Projects that will be eligible for renewal with FY 2025 CoC Program and YHDP funds must have an expiration date in CY 2026 (January 1, 2026, and ending December 31, 2026). Should there not be sufficient appropriated amounts to fully fund all FY 2025 renewal grants, grant amounts may be reduced proportionately. If new competitive funding becomes available for FY 2025, this NOFO may be amended and the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application and score may be used for the FY 2025 application selection process. Applications for FY 2025 eligible CoC and/or YHDP renewal projects and new projects created through CoC and/or DV reallocation or YHDP replacement, must be submitted in *e-snaps* by the application submission deadline for FY 2025 CoC and YHDP funds on August 29, 2025. HUD also reserves the right to modify this NOFO or issue a supplemental FY 2025 CoC and YHDP NOFO if necessary (e.g., to accommodate a new CoC or YHDP priority or new funding source).

c. Funding for Specific Subpopulations. The House and Senate Committees on Appropriations expressed that for projects awarded for specific subpopulations (e.g., homeless youth or survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking), before funding for such projects may be reallocated to other populations, HUD must consult with relevant stakeholders. For the FY 2024 funds, HUD requires funding reallocated from projects previously funded with YHDP or DV Bonus funding to be used for projects serving the same subpopulation. Therefore, prior to executing the reallocation of any project, HUD strongly recommends reviewing the [Grant Inventory Worksheets \(GIWs\)](#) published on the [CoC Program Competitions page](#) on the HUD.gov website to determine the type of new projects that can be created with reallocated funding intended for the specific subpopulations.

d. DV Reallocation and YHDP Replacement. In this NOFO, HUD has expanded reallocation to include DV Reallocation and has expanded the definition of YHDP Replacement to include YHDP Reallocation. HUD establishes these terms to distinguish between funding sources that must continue to serve the same populations of the projects being reallocated or, in the case of YHDP, replaced.

(1) DV Reallocation Applications. HUD is establishing a definition of DV reallocation to implement a congressional directive that requires projects previously funded using DV Bonus funds to continue to serve the same population, even when projects are reallocated. CoCs may reallocate eligible Renewal projects that were previously funded, in whole or in part, with DV Bonus funding to create DV Reallocation projects that are dedicated to serving the same population. New DV Reallocation projects must be 100 percent dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act [see sections I.B.2.b.(24) and III.B.4.a.(4) of this NOFO for more information].

(2) YHDP Replacement definition changes. Language allowing HUD to competitively or noncompetitively renew or replace YHDP projects allows for reallocation of YHDP projects. HUD is allowing YHDP recipients to reallocate YHDP grants to increase the flexibility of the YHDP program. In this NOFO, CoCs may now submit applications for YHDP Replacement projects by:

(a) reallocating a YHDP Renewal project with a new YHDP Replacement project that has the same recipient (in this NOFO this is referred to as a YHDP Replacement project);

(b) reallocating YHDP Renewal project(s) to create one or more YHDP Reallocation projects with a new recipient, so long as the YHDP renewal project(s) being reallocated have already renewed in a prior CoC Program competition. In this NOFO, this is referred to as YHDP Reallocation projects [See sections I.B.2.b.(32), and III.B.4.a.(5) of this NOFO for more information]; and

(c) reallocating YHDP Renewal project(s) to create YHDP Expansion applications through the YHDP Replacement process.

e. Special YHDP Activities. In the FY 2024 – 2025 CoC NOFO, YHDP Renewal projects and YHDP Replacement projects (including YHDP Reallocation) may include requests to include special YHDP activities, subject to the requirements in section III.B.4.b.(5) of this NOFO.

f. Cost of Living Adjustments for Conditionally Selected Grants. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 authorizes HUD to make reasonable cost of living adjustments to renewal amounts to help afford increasing cost of operations due to inflation. See section V.D below.

4. HUD's Strategic Planning Goals and Homelessness Policy Priorities

a. HUD Strategic and Other Goals

HUD's Strategic Plan sets the direction and focus of our programs and staff to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality, affordable homes for all. This NOFO supports [HUD's Strategic Plan for Fiscal Years \(FY\) 2022-2026](#) to accomplish HUD's mission and vision. Each of the five goals in the [Strategic Plan](#) includes what HUD hopes to accomplish, the strategies to accomplish those objectives, and the indicators of success.

HUD will pursue two overarching priorities focused on increasing equity and improving customer experience across all HUD programs. Five strategic goals and several objectives undergird the Plan; however, the following goals are applicable to this NOFO:

Applicable Goals and Objectives from HUD's Strategic Plan

Strategic Goal 1: Support Underserved Communities

Fortify support for underserved communities and support equitable community development for all people.

1A: Advance Housing Justice

Fortify support for vulnerable populations, underserved communities, and Fair Housing enforcement.

1B: Reduce Homelessness

Strengthen Federal, State, Tribal, and community implementation of the Housing First approach to reducing the prevalence of homelessness, with the ultimate goal of ending homelessness.

1C: Invest in the Success of Communities

Promote equitable community development that generates wealth-building for underserved communities, particularly for communities of color.

Strategic Goal 2: Ensure Access to and Increase the Production of Affordable Housing

Ensure housing demand is matched by adequate production of new homes and equitable access to housing opportunities for all people.

2A: Increase the Supply of Housing

Enhance HUD's programs that increase the production and supply of housing across the country.

2B: Improve Rental Assistance

Improve rental assistance to address the need for affordable housing.

Strategic Goal 3: Promote Homeownership

Promote homeownership opportunities, equitable access to credit for purchase and improvements, and wealth-building in underserved communities.

3A: Advance Sustainable Homeownership

Advance the deployment of tools and capital that put sustainable homeownership within reach.

3A – Major Initiative: Expand Homeownership Opportunities

Promote financing for innovative ownership models to increase the availability of affordable housing.

3B: Create a More Accessible and Inclusive Housing Finance System

Advance new policy, programs, and modernization initiatives that support a more equitable housing finance system. Promote the preservation and creation of affordable housing stock.

Strategic Goal 4: Advance Sustainable Communities

Advance sustainable communities by strengthening climate resilience and energy efficiency, promoting environmental justice, and recognizing housing’s role as essential to health.

4A: Guide Investment in Climate Resilience

Invest in climate resilience, energy efficiency, and renewable energy across HUD programs.

4B: Strengthen Environmental Justice

Reduce exposure to health risks, environmental hazards, and substandard housing, especially for low-income households and communities of color.

4C: Integrate Health and Housing

Advance policies that recognize housing’s role as essential to health.

You are expected to align your application to the applicable strategic goals and objectives below. Use the information in this section to describe in your application the specific goals, objectives, and measures that your project is expected to help accomplish. If your project is selected for funding, you are also expected to establish a plan to track progress related to those goals, objectives, and measures. HUD will monitor compliance with the goals, objectives, and measures in your project.

b. HUD Homeless Policy Priorities

This section provides additional context regarding the selection criteria found in section V.B. of this NOFO and is included here to help applicants better understand how the selection criteria support the goal of ending homelessness:

(1) Ending homelessness for all persons. In 2023, the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness (USICH) presented All In: The Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness to the President and Congress. The plan is built around six pillars: three foundations — equity, data and evidence, and collaboration — and three solutions — housing and supports, crisis response, and prevention. The work funded through this NOFO will support the actions and strategies proposed within the pillars. To end homelessness, CoCs should identify, engage, and effectively serve all persons experiencing homelessness. CoCs should measure their performance based on local data that consider the challenges faced by all subpopulations experiencing homelessness in the geographic area (e.g., veterans, youth, families, older adults, those experiencing chronic homelessness, and people with disabilities, including those living with HIV/AIDS). CoCs should partner with housing, health care, and supportive services providers and agencies to expand housing options, such as permanent supportive housing, housing subsidies, and rapid rehousing. Additionally, CoCs should use local data to determine the characteristics of individuals and families with the highest needs and longest periods experiencing homelessness to develop housing and supportive services tailored to their needs.

(2) Use a Housing First approach. Housing First prioritizes rapid placement and stabilization in permanent housing and utilizes housing as a platform for providing supportive services that improve a person’s health and well-being. CoC Program funded projects should help individuals and families move quickly into permanent housing without preconditions and ensure that participants can choose the services they need to improve their health and well-being and remain in their housing. Additionally, CoCs should engage landlords and property owners to identify housing units available for rapid rehousing and permanent supportive housing participants, remove barriers to entry, and adopt client-centered service practices. HUD encourages CoCs to assess how well Housing First approaches are being implemented in their communities.

(3) Reducing Unsheltered Homelessness. In recent years, the number of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness has risen significantly, including a rising number of encampments in many communities across the country. People living unsheltered have high rates of physical and mental health challenges, including substance use disorders. CoCs should explore all available resources, including CoC and ESG funded assistance, housing subsidies, health care programs, and other supportive services to help improve unsheltered people’s well-being and help them move as quickly as possible to permanent housing. CoCs should work with law enforcement and their state and local governments to enlist their support for housing people residing in encampments, and to avoid practices that criminalize homelessness. Criminalization of homelessness risks the health of people living unsheltered and makes it more difficult for them to move into permanent housing. Additionally, CoCs should use their Coordinated Entry process to promote participant choice, coordinate homeless assistance and mainstream housing and services, and ensure people experiencing homelessness receive assistance quickly.

(4) Improving System Performance. CoCs should be assessing the performance of all homelessness projects using system performance measures (e.g., average length of homeless episodes, rates of return to homelessness, rates of exit to permanent housing destinations). CoCs should review all projects eligible for renewal under this FY 2024 – 2025 CoC NOFO to determine their effectiveness in serving people experiencing homelessness, including their cost-effectiveness. The CoC Competition includes several options to help CoCs improve their effectiveness, including reallocation, expansion, and transition grants, and CoCs should take advantage of these options to improve their overall performance. CoCs should also look for opportunities to implement continuous quality improvement and other process improvement strategies.

(5) Partnering with Housing, Health, and Service Agencies. Using cost performance and outcome data, CoCs should improve how all available resources are utilized to end homelessness. HUD encourages CoCs to maximize the use of mainstream and other community-based resources when serving persons experiencing homelessness and should:

(a) Work closely with health care systems and agencies and assist program participants to obtain health care and supportive services, including behavioral health services, including those covered and financed by Medicaid. In addition, CoCs should develop close partnerships with public health agencies to analyze data and design approaches that reduce homelessness, improve the health of people experiencing homelessness, and prevent and address disease outbreaks, including HIV/AIDS.

(b) Partner closely with PHAs and state and local housing organizations to utilize coordinated entry, develop housing units, and provide housing assistance to people experiencing homelessness. These partnerships can also help CoC Program participants exit permanent supportive housing through Housing Choice Vouchers and other available housing options. CoCs and PHAs should especially work together to implement targeted programs such as HUD-VASH, Mainstream Vouchers, Family Unification Program (FUP) Vouchers, Fostering Youth Independence (FYI) Vouchers, and other housing voucher programs targeted to people experiencing homelessness. CoCs should coordinate with their state and local housing agencies on the utilization of new program resources provided through the Homelessness Assistance and Supportive Services Program (HOME-ARP) that was created through the American Rescue Plan. CoCs should also work with organizations administering other housing assistance, such as assistance provided through HUD's Section 202 and 811 programs, HUD's Project Based Rental Assistance, and U.S. Department of Agriculture's housing assistance programs.

(c) Partner with local workforce development centers to improve employment opportunities.

(d) Work with Tribal organizations to ensure that Tribal members can access CoC-funded assistance when a CoC's geographic area borders a Tribal area.

(6) *Racial Equity.* In nearly every community, Black, Indigenous, and other people of color are substantially over-represented in the homeless population. In this NOFO, HUD is emphasizing system and program changes to address racial equity within CoCs and projects. Responses to preventing and ending homelessness should address racial inequities to ensure successful outcomes for all persons experiencing homelessness using proven approaches, such as: partnering with a racially diverse set of community partners and people experiencing homelessness and partnering with organizations with experience serving underserved populations. CoCs should review local data, policies, procedures, and processes to identify barriers that result in racial disparities and take steps to eliminate barriers to improve racial equity and to address disparities.

(7) *Improving Assistance to LGBTQ+ Individuals.* Discrimination on the basis of gender identity or sexual orientation manifests differently for different individuals and often overlaps with other forms of prohibited discrimination. CoCs should address the needs of LGBTQ+, transgender, gender non-conforming, and non-binary individuals and families in their planning processes. Additionally, when considering which projects to select in their local competition to be included in their application to HUD, CoCs should ensure that all projects provide privacy, respect, safety, and access regardless of gender identity or sexual orientation. CoCs should also partner with organizations with expertise in serving LGBTQ+ populations.

(8) *Persons with Lived Experience/Expertise.* The people who know best what solutions will effectively end homelessness are those who are experiencing homelessness. HUD expects CoCs to include people with lived homeless expertise and experience in their local planning and decision-making processes. People with lived experience/expertise should determine how local policies may need to be revised and updated to improve the effectiveness of homelessness assistance programs, including participating in planning and

oversight activities, developing local competition processes, monitoring and evaluation. CoC leaders and community partners should prioritize hiring people who have experienced homelessness in areas where their expertise is needed.

(9) Building an Effective Workforce. Homeless assistance providers need effective, well-supported staff to provide high quality assistance. Unfortunately, recruiting and retaining qualified staff for programs to assist persons experiencing homelessness has proven difficult due to low pay and the challenging nature of the work. To address this issue, HUD is applying cost of living adjustments to supportive service activities and other staffing-focused budget lines to allow CoC budgets to better keep up with rising costs. HUD also encourages CoCs to work with their funders and other community stakeholders to improve pay and support for people who work in the homelessness sector.

(10) Increasing Affordable Housing Supply. The lack of affordable housing is the main driver of homelessness. CoCs play a critical role in educating local leaders and stakeholders about the importance of increasing the supply of affordable housing and the specific consequences of the continued lack of affordable housing. CoCs should be communicating with jurisdiction leaders, including for the development of Consolidated Plans, about the harmful effects of the lack of affordable housing, and they should engage local leaders about steps such as zoning and land use reform that would increase the supply of affordable housing. This NOFO awards points to CoCs that take steps to engage local leaders about increasing affordable and accessible housing supply.

B. Definitions and CoC Program Concepts

1. Standard Definitions

Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH) means taking meaningful actions, in addition to combating discrimination, to overcome patterns of segregation and foster inclusive communities free from barriers that restrict access to opportunity based on protected characteristics. Specifically, affirmatively furthering fair housing means taking meaningful actions that, taken together, address significant disparities in housing needs and in access to opportunities, replacing segregated living patterns with truly integrated and balanced living patterns, transforming racially and ethnically concentrated areas of poverty into areas of opportunity, and fostering and maintaining compliance with civil rights and fair housing laws. The duty to affirmatively further fair housing extends to all program participant's activities and programs relating to housing and urban development. See 24 CFR 578.93(c) for specific Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing requirements that apply to the CoC program.

Assistance Listing Number refers to the unique number assigned to each Federal assistance program publicly available in the Assistance Listing, which is managed and administered by the General Services Administration. The Assistance Listing number was formerly known as the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number.

Deficiency, with respect to the making of an application for funding, is information missing or omitted within a submitted application. Examples of deficiencies include missing documents, missing or incomplete information on a form, or some other type of unsatisfied information requirement. Depending on specific criteria, a deficiency may be either Curable or Non-Curable.

(1) A Curable Deficiency is missing or incomplete application information that may be corrected by the applicant with timely action. To be curable, the deficiency must:

- not be a threshold requirement, except for documentation of applicant eligibility;
- not influence how an applicant is ranked or scored versus other applicants; and
- be remedied within the time frame specified in the notice of deficiency.

(2) A Non-Curable Deficiency is missing or incomplete application information that cannot be corrected by an applicant after the submission deadline. A non-curable deficiency is a deficiency that is a threshold requirement, or a deficiency that, if corrected, would change an applicant's score or rank versus other applicants. If an application includes a non-curable deficiency, the application may receive an ineligible determination, or the non-curable deficiency may otherwise adversely affect the application's score and final funding determination.

Eligibility requirements are mandatory requirements for an application to be eligible for funding.

Environmental Justice means investing in environmental improvements, remedying past environmental inequities, and otherwise developing, implementing, and enforcing environmental laws and policies in a manner that advances equity and provides meaningful involvement for people and communities that have been environmentally underserved or overburdened, such as Black and Brown communities, indigenous groups, and individuals with disabilities. This definition does not alter the requirements under HUD's regulations at [24 CFR 58.5\(j\)](#) and [24 CFR 50.4\(l\)](#) implementing [Executive Order 12898](#). E.O. 12898 requires consideration of how Federally assisted projects may have disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and/or low-income populations. For additional information on environmental review compliance, refer to:

https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/environment_energy/regulations.

Equity has the meaning given to that term in Section 2(a) of Executive Order [13985](#) and means the consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals, including individuals who belong to underserved communities that have been denied such treatment, such as Black, Latino, and Indigenous and Native American persons, Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders and other persons of color; members of religious minorities; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer (LGBTQ+) persons; persons with disabilities; persons who live in rural areas; and persons otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality.

Federal award has the meaning, depending on the context, in either paragraphs (1) or (2) of this definition:

(1)

(a) The Federal financial assistance that a recipient receives directly from a Federal awarding agency or indirectly from a pass-through entity, as described in [2 CFR 200.101](#); or

(b) The cost-reimbursement contract under the Federal Acquisition Regulations that a non-Federal entity receives directly from a Federal awarding agency or indirectly from a pass-through entity, as described in [2 CFR 200.101](#).

(2) The instrument setting forth the terms and conditions. The instrument is the grant agreement, cooperative agreement, other agreement for assistance covered in paragraph (2) of the definitions of Federal financial assistance in [2 CFR 200.1](#), and this NOFO, or the cost-reimbursement contract awarded under the Federal Acquisition Regulations.

(3) Federal award does not include other contracts that a Federal agency uses to buy goods or services from a contractor or a contract to operate Federal Government owned, contractor operated facilities (GOCOs).

(4) See also definitions of Federal financial assistance, grant agreement, and cooperative agreement in [2 CFR 200.1](#).

Federal financial assistance has the same meaning defined at 2 CFR 200.1.

Grants.gov is the website serving as the Federal government’s central portal for searching and applying for Federal financial assistance throughout the Federal government. Although the CoC Program NOFO is officially posted on Grants.gov, registration on Grants.gov is not required for submission of applications for this NOFO. This program only accepts applications submitted in *e-snaps*, an electronic application system.

Primary Point of Contact (PPOC) is the person who has the authority to submit the CoC Registration and the CoC’s Consolidated Application on behalf of the CoC.

Racial Equity is the elimination of racial disparities, and is achieved when race can no longer predict opportunities, distribution of resources, or outcomes – particularly for Black and Brown persons, which includes Black, Latino, Indigenous, Native American, Asian, Pacific Islander, and other persons of color.

System for Award Management (SAM) is the Federal Repository into which an entity must provide information required for the conduct of business as a recipient. Registration with SAM is required for submission of applications via *e-snaps*. You can access the website at <https://www.sam.gov/SAM/>. There is no cost to use SAM.

Threshold Requirements are eligibility and quality requirements that must be met for an application to be reviewed, rated, and ranked. Threshold requirements are not curable, except for documentation of applicant eligibility and are listed in Section III.C.4. Similarly, there are eligibility requirements under Section III.A.

Underserved Communities has the meaning given to that term in Section 2(b) of Executive Order [13985](#) and refers to populations sharing a particular characteristic, as well as geographic communities, that have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, and civic life, as exemplified by the list in the definition of “equity” above.

Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) means the identifier assigned by SAM to uniquely identify business entities. As of April 4, 2022, the Federal government has transitioned from the use of the DUNS Number to the use of UEI, as the primary means of entity identification for Federal awards government-wide.

2. Program-Specific Definitions and Concepts

Regulatory citations are provided below so applicants can refer to specific areas of the Rule. Projects awarded CoC Program funds are subject to the program regulations as they may be

amended from time to time. However, YHDP Renewal and YHDP Replacement projects and awards are subject to CoC Program regulations except as otherwise provided in this NOFO [see section I.B.3.e].

The definitions and concepts contained in this section include terms that are important for all applicants to understand in order to complete all parts of the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Consolidated Application in e-snaps on behalf of the CoC.

a. Definitions from 24 CFR 578.3. The following terms are defined in 24 CFR 578.3. Applicants must refer to the Rule for the definitions contained in this section.

- (1) Annual Renewal Amount (ARA)
- (2) Applicant
- (3) Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System
- (4) Chronically Homeless
- (5) Collaborative Applicant
- (6) Continuum of Care
- (7) Consolidated Plan
- (8) High Performing Community (HPC)
- (9) Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)
- (10) HMIS Lead
- (11) Homeless. - Although not reflected in the regulation, section 605 of Violence Against Women Act Reauthorization Act of 2022 amended Section 103(b) of the Act and requires HUD to consider certain individuals and families as homeless. This amendment took effect on October 1, 2022. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained elsewhere in this NOFO, where 578.3 paragraph (4) is referenced, applicants may apply to serve the population as defined in Section 103(b) of the Act.
- (12) Permanent Housing
- (13) Permanent Supportive Housing
- (14) Private Nonprofit Organization
- (15) Program Participant
- (16) Project
- (17) Recipient
- (18) Subrecipient
- (19) Transitional Housing
- (20) Unified Funding Agency
- (21) Victim Service Provider

b. CoC Program NOFO Concepts. The following terms are not found in 24 CFR 578.3 but are used in other areas of the Rule or are used in this NOFO to define concepts that pertain specifically to the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Consolidated Application.

(1) Annual Renewal Demand (ARD) (24 CFR 578.17(b)(2)). The total amount of all the CoC's projects that will be eligible for renewal in the CoC Program Competition, before any required adjustments to funding for leasing, rental assistance, and operating Budget Line Items (BLIs) based on FMR changes. HUD will calculate the ARD by combining the total amount of funds requested by eligible renewal projects in each FY funding opportunity, including:

- (a) renewal projects approved and ranked on the Renewal Project Listing;
- (b) renewal project amount(s) that were reallocated as recorded on the reduced or eliminated reallocation forms of the CoC Priority Listing;
- (c) YHDP renewal projects on the YHDP Renewal Project Listing; and
- (d) YHDP Replacement projects, including YHDP Reallocation projects, on the YHDP Reallocation and Replacement Project Listing. YHDP Replacement projects are eligible for funding through the replacement of YHDP Renewal projects. The YHDP Replacement application must request the same amount of funding that is eligible for YHDP Renewal.

(2) Beds Dedicated to Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families. A permanent supportive housing bed that is dedicated specifically for use by individuals and families experiencing chronic homelessness [see 24 CFR 578.3 definition of Chronically Homeless] within a CoC's geographic area, as reported in the CoC's housing inventory count (HIC) and permanent housing (PH) project applications. When a program participant exits the project, the bed must be filled by another participant who is experiencing chronic homelessness unless there are no persons experiencing chronic homelessness within the CoC's geographic area. This concept only applies to PSH projects.

(3) CoC Bonus Project. The CoC Bonus allows CoCs to use up to 12 percent of their Final Pro Rata Need (FPRN) to create one or more new project applications. New projects created through the CoC Bonus must meet the project eligibility and project quality threshold requirements established by HUD in sections III.C.4.a. and b. of this NOFO. To be eligible to receive a CoC Bonus project, the Collaborative Applicant must demonstrate its CoC evaluates and ranks projects based on how they improve system performance as outlined in section V.B.2.b of this NOFO.

(4) CoC Merger. The CoC merger is a process where two or more CoCs voluntarily agree to merge the entire geographic areas of all CoCs into one larger CoC. HUD strongly encourages CoCs that struggle with capacity to merge with a neighboring CoC or Balance of State CoC during each fiscal year's CoC Program Registration process. To encourage CoC mergers and mitigate the potential adverse scoring implications that may occur when a high performing CoC merges with one or more lower-performing CoC(s), HUD will award up to 25 bonus points to the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application Score for CoCs that registered as a merged CoC during the FY 2024 CoC Program Registration process. The minimum number of points awarded will be 5 with the maximum points awarded up to 25.

To be eligible for these points, the merged CoC must include all the geographic areas previously included in two or more CoCs that received funding in the FY 2023 CoC Program Competition. Points will be awarded as follows:

- (a) 5 bonus points to CoCs that merged;
- (b) 10 bonus points to CoCs where one or more of the merging CoCs had a CoC Application score of 140 points or lower in either the FY 2022 or FY 2023 CoC Program Competitions; and

(c) 10 bonus points to CoCs that demonstrate that the results of their Point-in-Time counts were affected by the changes in methodology that resulted from the merger in a way that would affect their CoC score.

(5) *DedicatedPLUS Project.* A PSH project where 100 percent of the beds are dedicated to serve individuals, households with children, and unaccompanied youth (including pregnant and parenting youth) that at intake meet one of the following categories:

(a) experiencing chronic homelessness, meaning they qualify as “chronically homeless” as defined in 24 CFR 578.3;

(b) residing in a TH project that will be eliminated and meets the definition of chronically homeless in effect at the time in which the individual or family entered the TH project;

(c) residing in a place not meant for human habitation, emergency shelter, or Safe Haven and had been admitted and enrolled in a PH project within the last year but were unable to maintain a housing placement and met the definition of chronically homeless as defined by 24 CFR 578.3 prior to entering the project;

(d) residing in transitional housing funded by a Joint TH/PH-RRH component project and who were experiencing chronic homelessness as defined by 24 CFR 578.3;

(e) residing and has resided in a place not meant for human habitation, Safe Haven, or emergency shelter for at least 12 months in the last three years, but has not done so on four separate occasions and the individual or head of household meet the definition of 'homeless individual with a disability'; or

(f) receiving assistance through a Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)-funded homeless assistance program and met one of the above criteria at initial intake to the VA's homeless assistance system.

A renewal project where 100 percent of the beds were dedicated to individuals and families experiencing chronic homelessness, as described in section I.B.2.b.(2), under the grant that is being renewed may either be reallocated as a DedicatedPLUS project or may continue as a renewal dedicating 100 percent of its beds to individuals and families experiencing chronic homelessness. If the project is reallocated as a DedicatedPLUS project, the project must adhere to all fair housing requirements at 24 CFR 578.93.

Projects HUD awarded as DedicatedPLUS in a previous CoC Program Competition must continue to include households with children to qualify as a DedicatedPLUS project in the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Program Competition.

(6) *Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Bonus (DV Bonus).*

A new project that is dedicated to individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under the paragraphs (1) or (4) of definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. As described in paragraph (13) below, survivors of human trafficking may qualify as homeless under paragraph (4) of the homeless definition at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act because they are often also victims of

domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, however, a DV Bonus project may not exclusively serve people fleeing or attempting to flee human trafficking. New DV Bonus projects are subject to the limitation on new projects in section I.B.3.a.(1) of this NOFO. CoCs may apply for DV Bonus projects where the total amount for one year of funding for all DV Bonus applications is up to 15 percent of its Preliminary Pro Rata Need (PPRN); however, this amount is limited to:

(a) a minimum of \$50,000 if 15 percent of the CoC's PPRN is less than \$50,000; or

(b) a maximum of \$5 million if 15 percent of the CoC's PPRN is more than \$5 million.

See sections I.B.3.j and I.B.2.b.(6) of this NOFO for project application requirements and how DV Bonus projects will be reviewed and selected.

(see definition of PPRN in section I.B.3.u. below)

(7) Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Renewal Projects (DV Renewal Projects). Are eligible renewal projects that were originally funded with DV Bonus funding or were at some point expanded using DV Bonus funding and continue to serve the same population.

(8) Eligible Renewal Project. Consists of YHDP, CoC and DV projects eligible to renew under this NOFO. An eligible FY 2024 renewal project must have an expiration date in CY 2025 (between January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025) and eligible FY 2025 renewal projects must have an expiration date in CY 2026 (between January 1, 2026, and December 31, 2026). Renewal project applications must be submitted by the same recipient operating the project. See section III.B.4.c for more information on renewal projects.

In cases where an expiring grant agreement is amended to have a new recipient after a renewal application is submitted, the new recipient will be eligible to receive the renewal award (Section VI.A.4).

(9) Expansion. The process used by eligible renewal project applicants to add funds to an existing CoC Renewal, DV Renewal or YHDP Renewal project to expand its current operations either through reallocation, DV Bonus or a CoC Bonus project application. Project applicants may expand their current project by adding units, beds, persons served, services provided to existing program participants, or in the case of HMIS, increase the current HMIS activities within the CoC's geographic area. Applications to expand YHDP Renewal projects through the YHDP Replacement process can only be funded with funding reallocated from another YHDP Renewal project. For more information on expansion applications see section III.B.4.a(6) of this NOFO.

(10) Final Pro Rata Need (FPRN) (24 CFR 578.17(b)(3)). The higher of PPRN or ARD for the Continuum of Care is the FPRN, which is the base for the maximum award amount for projects within the CoC.

(11) Formula Area. Defined in the Indian Housing Block Grant Program at [24 CFR 1000.302](#).

(12) Grant Consolidation. The process by which two or more projects eligible for renewal under this NOFO apply for funding and are combined into a single renewal project upon award. See sections I.B.3.d and III.B.4.a.(7) of this NOFO for additional information.

(13) Homelessness and Human Trafficking. HUD is clarifying that persons who are fleeing or attempting to flee human trafficking may qualify as homeless under paragraph (4) of the homeless definition at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act and may be eligible for certain forms of homeless assistance under the CoC Program, subject to other restrictions that may apply. HUD considers human trafficking, including sex trafficking, to be “other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or family member” under paragraphs (1) and (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 and “other dangerous, traumatic, or life-threatening conditions related to the violence against the individual or a family member in the individual's or family's current housing situation” under section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

(14) Host Home and Kinship Care. Host Home and Kinship Care is limited to YHDP Renewal and replacement grants. This is a model of housing where a family agrees to permit a youth program participant to reside with them. Recognizing the addition of another person in the home may increase costs to the family, HUD will consider YHDP Replacement project applications that propose to house youth with families and subsidize the additional costs attributable to housing the youth, including recruitment of hosts. An example of eligible costs would be additional food or transportation costs, which are eligible supportive services under 24 CFR 578.53(e)(7) or 24 CFR 578.53(e)(15). Recipients must keep records related to this determination for HUD review upon request. The residence is in a community-based setting and the family may be related to youth program participants with a time-limited or unlimited length of stay.

(15) Housing First. A model of housing assistance that prioritizes rapid placement and stability in permanent housing in which admission does not have preconditions (such as sobriety or a minimum income threshold) and in which housing assistance is not conditioned upon participation in services. Transitional Housing and Supportive Services Only projects are considered to be using a Housing First model for the purposes of this NOFO if they operate with low barriers; work to quickly move people into permanent housing; do not require participation in supportive services for continued tenancy, occupancy, or participation in the project; and, for Transitional Housing projects, do not require preconditions for moving into the transitional housing (e.g., sobriety or minimum income threshold) but do provide or assist with access to such supportive services. Additional information regarding Housing First is in section I.A.4.b.(2) of this NOFO.

(16) Housing Inventory Count (HIC). A complete listing of the CoC's HUD and non-HUD funded beds dedicated to individuals and families experiencing homelessness in the CoC's geographic area.

(17) Indian Tribe. A federally recognized Tribe or a State recognized Tribe as defined in Section 4 of NAHASDA (25 U.S.C. 4103).

(18) Joint TH/PH-RRH Component Project. The Joint TH/PH-RRH component project combines two existing program components – Transitional Housing and Permanent Housing-Rapid Rehousing – in a single project to serve individuals and families experiencing homelessness. The recipient must adopt a Housing First approach [see sections I.A.4.b.(2) and I.B.2.b.(15) of this NOFO] across the entire project and program participants may only

receive up to 24-months of total assistance. For more information about Joint TH/PH-RRH component project quality threshold requirements, see section III.C.4.b. of this NOFO.

If funded, HUD will limit eligible costs as follows, in addition to other limitations found in the Rule:

- (a) leasing of a structure or units, and operating costs to provide transitional housing;
- (b) short- or medium-term tenant-based rental assistance on behalf of program participants to pay for the RRH portion of the project;
- (c) supportive services;
- (d) costs of contributing data to the HMIS; and
- (e) project administrative costs.

Project applicants must provide details in the project description of how TH and PH-RRH assistance will be provided. Additionally, if CoC Program funds are not being requested for both TH and PH-RRH units, the project application must describe and include the number of the project's TH and PH-RRH units that will be paid for from another funding source. Applicants may only use CoC Program Leasing funds or non-CoC Program Funds to house program participants enrolled in the TH portion of the project.

When a program participant is enrolled in a Joint TH/PH-RRH component project, the recipient or subrecipient must be able to provide both components, including the units supported by the TH component and the tenant-based rental assistance and services provided through the PH-RRH component, to all participants. A program participant may choose to receive only the assistance provided through the TH portion of the project or the assistance provided through the PH-RRH component, but the recipient or subrecipient must make both types of assistance available.

(19) *Non-Dedicated Permanent Supportive Housing Beds.* Permanent Supportive Housing beds within a CoC's geographic area that are not currently classified as dedicated for use by chronically homeless individuals and families or as DedicatedPLUS.

(20) *Project Applicants.* Eligible project applicants for the CoC Program are identified in section III.A.4 of this NOFO. For-profit entities are ineligible. HUD will not review applications submitted by ineligible entities.

(21) *Preliminary Pro Rata Need (PPRN).* The amount of funds a CoC could receive based upon the geographic areas included by the CoC as part of their geography and reviewed by HUD during the CoC Program Registration process. To determine the amount of funding available for each geographic area, HUD will use the formula defined in section IV.B.7 of [CPD-22-02: CoC Program Registration Notice](#).

(22) *Racial Disparities.* Racial disparities are differences in the population of persons experiencing homelessness based on race or ethnicity, which includes individuals who are Black, Latino, Indigenous, Native American, Asian, Pacific Islander, and other persons of color relative to the general population or differences in the provision or outcomes of homelessness assistance based on race or ethnicity.

(23) Rapid Rehousing (RRH). A type of permanent housing meeting the requirements of 24 CFR 578.37(a)(1)(ii).

(24) Reallocation. Reallocation is a process CoCs use to shift funds in whole or in part from existing eligible renewal projects to create one or more new projects without decreasing the CoC's ARD. New projects created through reallocation must meet the requirements in sections I.B.3.a, III.B.4.a.(3), (4) and (5), and the project eligibility and project quality thresholds established in sections III.C.4.a. and b. of this NOFO. CoCs may only reallocate eligible renewal projects so long as the renewal project being reduced or eliminated has a current grant agreement and has renewed under the CoC Program at least once. First time renewals are not eligible for reallocation.

(a) The House and Senate Committees on Appropriations expressed that for projects awarded for specific subpopulations (e.g., youth experiencing homelessness or survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking), before funding for such projects may be reallocated to other populations, HUD must consult with relevant stakeholders. For the FY 2024 Funding Opportunity, HUD requires funding reallocated from projects previously funded with YHDP or DV Bonus funding must be used for projects serving the same subpopulation. Therefore, prior to executing the reallocation of any project, HUD strongly recommends reviewing the [Grant Inventory Worksheets \(GIWs\)](#) published on the [CoC Program Competitions](#) page on the HUD.gov website to determine the type of new projects that can be created with reallocated funding intended for the specific subpopulations.

(b) DV Reallocation. DV Reallocation Projects are projects created from the reallocation of eligible DV Renewal projects [I.B.2.b.(7)]. CoCs may reallocate eligible DV Renewal projects to create new DV Reallocation projects, so long as 100 percent of the population served by the new DV Reallocation project are individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

When reallocating DV Renewal project(s), the new project(s), including new expansion projects created with reallocation DV Renewal funding, in their entirety must meet all the same requirements of a DV Bonus project (see section III.B.4.a.(4)) and the sum of all DV Reallocation applications must be for the same amount of funding made available from the DV Renewal funding being reallocated. If a CoC reallocates funding from a DV Renewal grant and does not earmark those funds for new project(s) that are 100 percent dedicated to that subpopulation, HUD may condition the project applications to ensure the projects are serving the required subpopulation. If an applicant does not resolve the condition placed on the project, HUD will reject the project application. To avoid any potential delays in funding or a loss in ARD, CoC should review the [GIWs](#) published on the CoC Program Competitions page on the HUD.gov to determine which renewal projects were previously awarded DV Bonus funds, including CoC projects that were previously expanded and partially includes DV Bonus funding.

The following restrictions also apply:

- (i.) DV Renewal projects that have an SSO-CE component cannot be reallocated.
- (ii.) Reallocated DV Renewal funding cannot be used to expand a CoC Renewal grant.

(c) In addition to reallocations that occur using FY 2024 funding, subject to the language in the FY 2025 HUD Appropriation, CoCs may reallocate eligible FY 2025 renewal grants, including grants awarded FY 2024 funding, to create new grants for FY 2025 CoC and YHDP Funding. However, YHDP projects that have not been renewed in a prior CoC program competition may not be reallocated.

(d) To create a Transition Grant through the reallocation process, the CoC must wholly eliminate one or more projects and use those funds to create the single, new transition grant [see section I.B.2.b.(30) of this NOFO].

(e) For information on reallocating YHDP projects through the replacement process, see sections I.B.2.b.(32), I.B.3.e and III.B.4.a.(5) of this NOFO.

(25) *Reservation.* For purposes of this Notice, reservations are a type of formula area as specifically delineated under HUD’s IHBG program at 24 CFR 1000.302.

(26) *Rural Area.* For this competition a rural area is a county which:

(a) has no part of it within an area designated as a standard metropolitan statistical area by the Office of Management and Budget;

(b) is within an area designated as a metropolitan statistical area or considered as part of a metropolitan statistical area and at least 75 percent of its population is local on U.S. Census blocks classified as non-urban; or

(c) is located in a state that has a population density of less than 30 persons per square mile (as reported in the most recent decennial census), and of which at least 1.25 percent of the total acreage of such State is under Federal jurisdiction, provided that no metropolitan city in such State is the sole beneficiary of the grant amounts awarded under this NOFO. A metropolitan city means a city that was classified as a metropolitan city under section 102(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302(a)) for the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which Emergency Solutions Grants program funds are made available.

(27) *Shared Housing.* YHDP Renewal and replacement grants may provide rental assistance for shared housing where youth may reside with family or another unrelated person. The youth leases from the property owner and shares the unit with the family or unrelated person. The unit may be a house or an apartment.

(a) YHDP rental assistance cannot be provided to a youth to reside in a unit occupied by an immediate family member. For this NOFO “immediate family member” includes parents, grandparents, and legal guardians.

(b) YHDP rental assistance cannot be provided to a youth in a shared housing unit if the landlord is an immediate family member of the youth.

(c) YHDP rental assistance may only be provided to a youth if the youth can enter into a valid, binding, and enforceable lease under applicable state or local law. This includes a

legally appointed guardian executing a lease on behalf of a youth or an emancipated youth entering into a lease.

(d) YHDP Renewal and replacement grants may provide a shared housing option for youth program participants who are not part of a household but are interested in sharing a housing unit with a roommate unrelated to the program participant.

(28) Solo Applicants. Per the Act, "A solo applicant may submit an application to the Secretary for a grant under subsection (a) and be awarded such grant on the same basis as such grants are awarded to other applicants based on the criteria described in section 427 [42 U.S.C. 11386a], but only if the Secretary determines that the solo applicant has attempted to participate in the continuum of care process but was not permitted to participate in a reasonable manner. The Secretary may award such grants directly to such applicants in a manner determined to be appropriate by the Secretary." A solo applicant must submit a solo applicant project application in e-snaps prior to the application deadline of 8:00 PM EDT on October 30, 2024, for FY 2024 CoC and YHDP Funding., or 8:00 PM EDT on August 29, 2025 if Congressional Appropriations authorize HUD to solicit applications for new FY 2025 CoC and YHDP Funding. Additionally, for HUD to consider its solo application, a solo applicant must also meet all the requirements outlined in section VII.C of this NOFO.

(29) Tribally Designated Housing Entity. For purposes of this Notice, this term has the same meaning as in Section 4 of NAHASDA (25 U.S.C. 4103).

(30) Transition Grant. A grant to fund a new CoC project through the reallocation process to transition an eligible renewal project from one program component to another eligible new component over a 1-year period. The renewal project transitioning to a new component must be fully eliminated through reallocation. Transition grants in this Competition may apply to renew in subsequent fiscal year competitions for eligible activities of the new component. Prior to applying for a transition grant, the current recipient must have the consent of its Continuum of Care; and the new project application must meet project eligibility and project quality thresholds established by HUD in sections III.C.4.a. and b. of this NOFO.

Transition grants HUD conditionally awards in the CoC Program Competition have 1 year to fully transition from the original component to the new component. The transition grant's operating start date will be the day after the end of the previous grant term for the expiring component. For transition grants reallocated from more than one project, the operating start date of the transition grant will be the day after the end of the earliest expiring grant term. The grant term may be extended consistent with 2 CFR 200.308 and 2 CFR 200.309. After the first operating year for which FY 2024 funds are awarded, the transition grant must be fully operating under the new component and will be eligible for renewal in the FY 2025 Operating year under the component to which it transitioned subject to the language in the FY 2025 HUD Appropriation. Projects seeking to renew with FY 2025 funds (including grants that renewed with FY 2024 funds) may submit a transition grant application for FY 2025 funds. Subject to the language in the FY 2025 HUD Appropriation, transition grant applications awarded FY 2025 funds must fully transition to the new component by the end of the 1-year grant term and must apply for renewal in the next CoC Program Competition under the component to which it transitioned.

For a new project to be considered a transition grant, the new project applicant must be the recipient listed on the current grant agreement for the eligible renewal grant(s) being eliminated and must include the grant number(s) of the project(s) being eliminated to create the new project and attach a copy of the most recently awarded project application. For example, expiring FY 2023 grants applying to transition to a new component during the FY 2024 funding process will attach a copy of the FY 2023 CoC Program Competition project application.

(a) If the project application identifies the project as a transition project and the CoC ranks the new transition grant project on the New Project Listing in the CoC Priority Listing, HUD will consider this as CoC consent.

(b) If HUD determines a new project submitted as a transition grant does not qualify, but meets all other new project requirements, HUD may award the project as a new non-transition grant project. If this occurs, the new project operating start date will be reflected in the grant agreement .

(c) YHDP Renewal grants are not eligible to use the transition grant process. YHDP Renewal grants must submit a YHDP Replacement application to change component types.

(d) Grants with DV Renewal funding are not eligible to use the transition grant process.

(31) Trust Land. For purposes of this Notice, trust lands are a type of formula area as delineated under HUD's IHBG program at 24 CFR 1000.302.

(32) YHDP Replacement Process. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, permits the replacement of renewing YHDP projects under the CoC Program. The YHDP Replacement process occurs when: (1) a CoC reallocates a YHDP Renewal project to create one or more new YHDP project(s) that has the same recipient referred to as YHDP Replacement in this NOFO; (2) a CoC is reallocating a YHDP Renewal project to create one or more new projects with a new recipient referred to as YHDP Reallocation in this NOFO; or (3) a CoC is reallocating YHDP Renewal project(s) to create YHDP Expansion applications through the YHDP Replacement process. For more information on YHDP Reallocation, see sections I.B.3.e and III.B.4.a.(5) of this NOFO.

c. FY 2024 - FY 2025 CoC Program Competition NOFO Requirements. All requirements for submitting applications for projects eligible for FY 2024 CoC and YHDP funding, including requirements for the entire Consolidated Application, are contained in this NOFO. This NOFO also includes requirements for submitting applications for FY 2025 funding, including FY 2025 reallocation project applications. Subject to the FY 2025 HUD Appropriation, HUD may amend this NOFO if FY 2025 appropriations authorize HUD to solicit applications for funding not currently covered under this NOFO.

Applicants should read this information carefully and respond to all submission requirements and deadlines as described.

The 8:00 PM EDT application submission deadline on October 30, 2024, applies to the following (see Section IV.G of this NOFO for more information):

- FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application;

- FY 2024 Project Applications; and
- FY 2024 Priority Listing, including a signed HUD-2991.

Collaborative Applicants complete one CoC Application for the FY 2024 and FY 2025 funding, and it must be submitted in e-snaps by the 8:00 PM EDT Application Submission deadline on October 30, 2024. CoC Applications will not be accepted during the FY 2025 Application submission phase, but the Collaborative Applicant must still submit an application for FY 2025 funding. Applicants that are designated Unified Funding Agencies (UFAs) or High Performing Communities (HPCs) by HUD during the FY 2024 CoC Program Registration process will maintain their UFA and/or HPC designation for the FY 2025 Funding Process.

Collaborative Applicants and UFAs with CoC (including DV Renewal) and YHDP Renewal grants with an expiration date in CY 2026, that were not awarded FY 2024 CoC and YHDP funding and applications for new grants created through CoC Reallocation, or DV Reallocation, or YHDP Replacements which includes YHDP Reallocation must submit their applications for FY 2025 funding no later than 8:00 PM EDT on August 29, 2025. Projects that are awarded FY 2024 funds may be eligible for award of FY 2025 funds using their FY 2024 application submission and are not required to apply for renewal for FY 2025 funds.

Collaborative Applicants and UFAs will be required, at a minimum, to submit the following as part of their application to apply for FY 2025 funding:

- FY 2025 Renewal project applications for grants that were not funded in FY 2024 that have an expiration date in CY 2026 (between January 1, 2026, and December 31, 2026).
- Applications for projects created through the reallocation of eligible CoC renewal (including DV Renewal) grants and through the replacement of eligible YHDP renewal grants which also includes YHDP Reallocation;
- FY 2025 Project Listing that includes all projects approved by the CoC to apply for FY 2025 funding; and,
- A signed HUD-2991. This form will be included as part of the FY 2024 - FY 2025 Consolidated Application and is not required to include projects that were awarded FY 2024 funding and are continuing in FY 2025.

Collaborative Applicants, and project applicants should read this NOFO in its entirety in conjunction with the Rule to ensure a comprehensive understanding of and compliance with all CoC Program requirements. This NOFO frequently references citations from the Rule.

(1) CoCs should consider the policy priorities established in this NOFO in conjunction with local priorities to determine the ranking of new and renewal project application requests. See section I.A.4 of this NOFO for more information on HUD's homelessness policy priorities and program highlights.

(2) HUD will conduct threshold reviews of project applicants, subrecipients, and project applications for all CoC Consolidated Applications submitted by the FY 2024 and FY 2025 application submission deadlines as described in section IV.G.

(3) HUD may issue more than one conditional funding announcement, including for instances where a CoC has been affected by a disaster and for which HUD has extended the deadline for application submission.

(4) HUD will score the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application portion of the Consolidated Application in accordance with the criteria set forth in section V.B of this NOFO.

(5) CoC Planning and UFA Costs project applications are not ranked and will be selected, provided they pass project eligibility and project quality threshold review.

(6) HUD selects the following projects that pass project eligibility, project quality threshold, and if applicable, project renewal threshold, using the Tier 1 and Tier 2 ranking process described in sections I.B.3.h of this NOFO for FY 2024 funding.

(a) CoC Bonus projects.

(b) CoC Renewal projects (including DV Renewal projects).

(c) New CoC Reallocation projects.

(d) New DV Reallocation projects.

Projects with a ranked position in Tier 1 will be selected based on requirements in section I.B.3.h.(1) of this NOFO and Projects with a ranked position in Tier 2 will be selected based on the CoC Application score and the project application score outlined in section I.B.3.h.(2) of this NOFO.

(7) YHDP Renewal projects and YHDP Replacement projects including YHDP Reallocation projects are non-competitive YHDP projects and must not be ranked by CoCs. HUD will select YHDP projects for funding if they pass project eligibility and project quality threshold review, and for YHDP project renewal threshold; as explained in section III.C.4.c. of this NOFO. HUD will not reject YHDP Replacement project applications which includes YHDP Reallocation projects during quality threshold review; however, HUD may require YHDP Replacement grant recipients to correct or revise information submitted after the final CoC Program Competition award announcement.

(8) HUD may select new DV Bonus project applications that pass project eligibility and project quality threshold with:

(a) DV Bonus funds based on the CoC Application score, how the CoC collaborates with victim service providers, the need for the project, and how the provider will involve survivors with lived experience/expertise in the policy and program development [section I.B.3.j of this NOFO]. HUD will remove DV Bonus project applications selected with DV Bonus funds from the Tier 1 and Tier 2 ranking process; or

(b) CoC Bonus or reallocated funds where the project application retains its ranked position in Tier 1 or Tier 2 and may be selected by HUD as outlined in sections I.B.3.h.(1) or (2) of this NOFO.

(9) DV Reallocation Projects submitted for FY 2024 CoC and YHDP funding must be ranked in either Tier 1 or Tier 2 and may be selected for award as outlined in sections I.B.3.h.(1) or (2) of this NOFO.

c. Establishing and Operating the CoC. 24 CFR 578.5 and 24 CFR 578.7 detail the requirements for the establishment of a CoC and its responsibilities.

d. CoC Geographic Area. 24 CFR 578.5 requires representatives from relevant organizations within a geographic area to establish a CoC to carry out the duties within the geographic area. The boundaries of identified CoC geographic areas cannot overlap, and any overlapping

geographies are considered Competing CoCs. HUD follows the process at 24 CFR 578.35(d) to determine which CoC HUD will fund in the case of CoC geographic areas that overlap.

e. Planning Duties of the CoC. Planning duties for CoCs are detailed in 24 CFR 578.7.

f. Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System (Coordinated Entry). In general, 24 CFR 578.23(c)(9) and (11) requires all CoC program recipients and subrecipients to use the centralized or coordinated assessment system established by CoCs. The definition of Centralized or Coordinated Assessment (also known as Coordinated Entry) is found at 24 CFR 578.3. 24 CFR 578.7(a)(8) details the responsibilities of the CoC to establish and operate this required system. In addition to the definition and responsibilities established in the Rule, HUD posted on its website, [CPD-17-01: Notice Establishing Additional Requirements for a Continuum of Care Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System](#), establishing additional requirements related to the development and use of a centralized or coordinated entry assessment system. These systems help communities assess the needs of program participants and effectively match individuals and families experiencing homelessness with the most appropriate resources available to address their supportive service and housing needs. CoCs may use planning costs to design and plan for the implementation of a Coordinated Entry system; however, once the system is established and operating, the costs of operating it are not eligible planning costs. CoCs must operate the system with CoC Program funds, other funds, or a combination of the two. Section 578.23(c)(9) of the CoC Program Rule exempts victim service providers from using the CoC's coordinated entry process if victim service providers use a coordinated entry process that otherwise meets HUD's requirements.

g. CoC Program Components. 24 CFR 578.37 states CoC funds may be used to create and operate projects under five program components: PH (including PSH and RRH); TH; SSO; HMIS; and in some cases, homelessness prevention. Only CoCs designated by HUD as HPCs during the CoC Registration process may carry out homelessness prevention activities through the CoC Program. In the FY 2017 CoC Program Competition and Registration Notice, HUD introduced a new Joint TH and PH-RRH component type that CoCs could apply for. The only types of projects that will be funded in the FY 2024 – FY 2025 CoC Program Competition are:

- (1) PH (PSH and RRH);
- (2) TH;
- (3) Joint TH and PH-RRH;
- (4) SSO; and
- (5) HMIS.

h. Collaborative Applicant. The Collaborative Applicant is the single applicant designated by the CoC to compile all parts of the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Consolidated Application, including the CoC Application, the CoC Priority Listing, and all project applications that the CoC has recommended for funding within the geographic area (24 CFR 578.9(a)(3)). HUD will only review CoC Consolidated Applications submitted by the CoC designated Collaborative Applicant. When FY 2025 funds become available, the FY 2025 CoC Priority Listing and FY 2025 project applications submitted by the CoC become part of the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Consolidated Application.

Additionally, the Collaborative Applicant is the only entity eligible to apply to HUD for CoC Planning costs and if designated as a UFA by HUD, for UFA Costs (24 CFR 578.3).

3. CoC Program Provisions.

The following list highlights important information that applicants should consider as they are preparing the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application and project applications(s). This is not an exhaustive list of considerations or requirements; therefore, all applicants should carefully review the Rule for comprehensive information.

a. Performance-Based Decisions. Consistent with the requirements of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024:

- (1) Requests for new CoC project applications , except for new projects created through reallocation, are not allowed, unless the CoC evaluates and competitively ranks projects based on how they improve the CoC’s system performance as outlined in section V.B.2.b of this NOFO; and
- (2) HUD will prioritize funding for CoCs that have demonstrated the capacity to reallocate funding from lower to higher performing projects.

b. Indian Tribes or Tribally Designated Housing Entities (TDHEs). The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 amended Title IV of the Act by adding Section 435 so designated Indian Tribes or TDHEs (as defined in Section 4 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103) may:

- (1) create a CoC;
- (2) be a Collaborative Applicant;
- (3) be an eligible project applicant; or
- (4) receive grant amounts from another entity that receives a grant directly from HUD (i.e. be a CoC grant subrecipient).

However, under 42 U.S.C. 11383(g) only States, Units of General Local Government, nonprofit organizations, and Public Housing Agencies may administer permanent housing rental assistance.

c. Coordination with Housing and Healthcare. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 directs HUD to provide incentives to create projects that coordinate with housing providers and healthcare organizations to provide permanent supportive housing and rapid rehousing services. In the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Program Competition, CoCs may receive up to 14 points on the CoC Application if the FY 2024 CoC Priority Listing includes new project applications created through reallocation or the CoC Bonus that utilizes housing vouchers and healthcare provided through an array of healthcare services providers. See section V.B.6 of this NOFO for additional details.

d. Consolidation Project. Project applicants can consolidate two but no more than ten eligible renewal projects during the application process. The projects being combined during a grant consolidation will continue uninterrupted. To be eligible for consolidation, the projects must have the same recipient (as evidenced by recipient’s Unique Entity Identifier) and be for the same component. Additionally, YHDP projects cannot consolidate with non-YHDP projects. See section III.B.4.a.(7) of this NOFO for additional information.

e. Youth Homeless Demonstration Program (YHDP). Consistent with the requirements of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, funding for the CoC Program may be used to competitively or non-competitively renew or replace grants for YHDP projects.

HUD will non-competitively renew and replace YHDP projects which includes new YHPD projects created from the reallocation of YHDP renewal grants; however, these project applications will be reviewed for compliance with project eligibility, project quality, and if applicable, project renewal thresholds. See sections III.B.4.a.(5), III.B.4.b.(5) and I.B.2.k.(4) of this NOFO for additional information.

While YHDP projects can use the replacement process to consolidate projects as outlined in section III.B.4.a.(7) of this NOFO, these projects cannot consolidate with non-YHDP projects. YHDP Renewal projects may also apply to expand its current project through the YHDP Replacement process. See section III.B.4.a.(6)(c) for more information. Unified Funding Agencies (UFAs) are prohibited from moving funds out of or into YHDP-funded projects and mix funding from any other non-YHDP funded project. UFAs may replace eligible YHDP renewal projects.

All YHDP Renewal, YHDP Replacement and YHDP Reallocation projects are subject to the following provisions of the Rule, as may be amended from time to time, except where they conflict with the NOFO requirements, with the special YHDP activities identified in section III.B.4.b.(5) of this NOFO, or the requirement that grant funds may only be used to serve homeless youth, age 24 and younger: 24 CFR 578.3, 578.15, 578.23(a), 578.25, 578.27, 578.29, 578.37, 578.43, 578.45, 578.47, 578.49, 578.51, 578.53, 578.55, 578.57, 578.59, 578.61, 578.63, 578.73(c), 578.75, 578.77, 578.79, 578.81, 578.83, 578.85, 578.87, 578.89, 578.89, 578.91, 578.93, 578.95, 578.97, 578.99, 578.103(a)(3) - (18) and (b) – (e), 578.105, 578.107 and 578.109. The requirements of 2 CFR 200.306, as may be amended from time to time, with the exception of 200.306(b)(5) apply. All YHDP Renewal, YHDP Replacement and new YHDP Reallocation projects must comply with 24 CFR 578.93, except that in 578.93(c)(2), recipients must provide such information to the jurisdiction in which the project is located. Federal fair housing and nondiscrimination requirements cannot be waived.

YHDP projects eligible to renew in the CoC Program Competition for the first time in FY 2025 must submit their renewal or replacement application by August 29, 2025 and will be selected by HUD non-competitively for a grant term of 1 year, subject to the FY 2025 HUD Appropriations. YHDP projects renewing in FY 2025 for the first time may not be reallocated.

f. Adjustments for Ineligible Projects. If an ineligible renewal project is submitted in this Competition or used in the reallocation process; or an ineligible YHDP Renewal or YHDP Replacement project is submitted, HUD will remove the ineligible project when calculating the final ARD amount for the CoC. To be eligible for renewal, reallocation, or replacement in the FY 2024 CoC and YHDP Funding Process, a project must have an expiration date in Calendar Year (CY) 2025 (between January 1, 2025, and December 31, 2025). Subject to the FY 2025 HUD Appropriation, to be eligible for renewal, reallocation, or replacement in the FY 2025 CoC and YHDP Funding Process, a project must have an expiration date in Calendar Year (CY) 2026 (between January 1, 2026, and December 31, 2026).

g. Homeless Management Information System (HMIS). As directed by Congress, HUD must provide an annual estimate of all individuals and families experiencing homelessness nationwide

and within the territories. Therefore, all CoCs must have an HMIS that has the capacity to collect un-duplicated counts of individuals and families experiencing homelessness and provide information to project subrecipients and applicants for needs analysis and funding priorities. Additionally, CoC and Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) Program recipients must participate in the local HMIS; unless a recipient is a victim service provider or legal service provider, in which case these recipients must use a comparable database and provide de-identified information to the CoC. For many communities, the inclusion of ESG recipients and subrecipients and other HUD federal partners (e.g., the Department of Health and Human Services and Department of Veterans Affairs) that require their programs to use the CoC's HMIS, results in an increase in users that the HMIS must be able to accommodate. HUD expects communities to be able to use the HMIS information as well as aggregate data from comparable databases to review performance for the entire CoC geographic area, not just at the project level. The HMIS Lead should continue to consider any unique needs that the HMIS might be required to address to accommodate emergency shelter, street outreach, homelessness prevention, and other federal programs.

h. HUD Funding Process. CoCs and applicants should ensure there is a thorough understanding of the information provided in this NOFO. HUD has a two-tier funding selection process for FY 2024 funding. HUD will establish Tier 1 and Tier 2 amounts for each CoC, based on each CoC's Annual Renewal Demand. HUD will post a report that lists the available amounts for each CoC's PPRN, estimated ARD, Tier 1, CoC Planning, estimated CoC Bonus amounts, and estimated DV Bonus amounts on HUD's website. The [GIWs](#) are also posted on HUD's website.

Applications for YHDP Renewal, YHDP Replacement, CoC Planning, and if applicable, UFA Costs projects are not competitively ranked, and therefore must be excluded from CoC ranking. These non-competitive applications are also excluded from the Tier 1 and Tier 2 selection process.

The selection process described in this section of the NOFO will also be used for CoC Collaborative Applicants designated as UFAs. Section V. of this NOFO provides additional information regarding project selection.

Note that Tier 1 and Tier 2 selection process takes place after the initial DV Bonus selection process has occurred.

(1) Tier 1. Tier 1 is equal to 90 percent of the CoC's Annual Renewal Demand (ARD) as described in section I.B.2.b.(1) of this NOFO minus the sum of all ARAs of non-competitive YHDP Renewal and YHDP Replacement projects. HUD will conditionally select project applications in Tier 1 from the highest scoring CoC application to the lowest scoring CoC application and according to the rank assigned by the CoC on the CoC Priority listing, provided the project applications pass both project eligibility and project quality threshold review, and if applicable, project renewal threshold.

The following project applications can be placed in Tier 1:

- (a)** new CoC projects created through CoC Reallocation;
- (b)** new CoC Bonus projects;
- (c)** new DV Bonus projects;
- (d)** new DV Reallocation projects created through the reallocation of a DV Renewal

grant;

(e) CoC Renewal projects (including DV Renewal projects)

If a DV Bonus project ranked in Tier 1 is selected with DV Bonus funds, HUD will remove the project from the FY 2024 Priority Listing and move the projects below it up one rank position. However, if HUD does not select a new DV Bonus project in the initial DV Bonus selection, the project will retain its ranked position in the Tier 1 selection process. If the DV Bonus project is not selected through the initial DV Bonus selection process but is selected as a Tier 1 or Tier 2 project, it will be funded using CoC funds and not the funds set aside for “new rapid re-housing projects and supportive service projects providing coordinated entry, and for eligible activities that the Secretary determines to be critical in order to assist individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.” Reallocated DV projects must follow the same requirements as DV Bonus projects; however, reallocated DV projects are only selected in the Tier 1 and Tier 2 selection process. For more on the initial DV Bonus selection process, see [I.B.3.j].

In the event insufficient funding is available to award all Tier 1 projects, Tier 1 will be reduced proportionately, which could result in some Tier 1 projects falling into Tier 2. Therefore, CoCs should carefully determine the priority and ranking for all project applications in Tier 1 as well as Tier 2, which is described below.

(2) Tier 2. Tier 2 is the difference between Tier 1 and the maximum amount of CoC Renewal (including DV Renewal), CoC Reallocation, DV Bonus, DV Reallocation, and CoC Bonus funds that a CoC applies for.

If HUD selected a DV Bonus project during the initial DV Bonus selection process, HUD will remove that project from the CoC’s Priority Listing ranking and move the projects below it up in rank position. See section I.B.3.j of this NOFO. HUD will assess project applications placed in Tier 2 for project eligibility and project quality threshold requirements and project renewal threshold requirements, if applicable; and HUD will determine funding using the CoC Application score as well as the factors listed in section I.B.3.h of this NOFO.

HUD will award a point value to each ranked new and renewal project application that is in Tier 2 using a 100-point scale, and conditionally select applications in Tier 2 using this point value from the highest scoring project application to the lowest:

(a) CoC Score. Up to 50 points in direct proportion to the score received on the CoC Application, e.g., if a CoC received 100 out of 200 points on the CoC Application, the project application would receive 25 out of 50 points for this criterion.

(b) CoC Project Ranking. Up to 40 points for the CoC’s ranking of the project application(s). To consider the CoCs ranking of projects, HUD will assign point values directly related to the CoCs' ranking of project applications. The calculation of point values will be 40 times the quantity $(1-x)$ where x is the ratio of the cumulative funding requests for all projects or portions of projects ranked higher by the CoC in Tier 2 plus one half of the funding of the project of interest to the total amount of funding available in Tier 2 for the CoC. For example, if a CoC is eligible to apply for projects totaling \$500,000 in Tier 2 and applies for 5 projects ranked in Tier 2 of \$100,000 each: the

highest-ranked project would receive 36 points, and then the subsequently ranked projects would receive 28, 20, 12, and 4 points.

(c) Commitment to Housing First. Up to 10 points based on the project application's commitment to follow a Housing First approach as defined in section I.B.2.b.(15) of this NOFO. Dedicated HMIS projects and supportive service only for coordinated entry (SSO-CE) projects will automatically receive 10 points.

(3) Projects Straddling Tiers. If a project application straddles the Tier 1 and Tier 2 funding line, HUD will conditionally select the project up to the amount of funding that falls within Tier 1. Using the CoC score, and other factors described in section I.B.3.h of this NOFO, HUD may fund the Tier 2 portion of the project. If HUD does not fund the Tier 2 portion of the project, HUD may award the project at the reduced amount based on the amount of funding that falls within Tier 1, provided the project is still feasible with the reduced funding (e.g., is able to continue serving homeless program participants effectively).

i. CoC Planning and UFA Costs Projects. CoCs may only submit one project application for CoC Planning costs and, if applicable, one project application for UFA Costs. The Collaborative Applicant listed on the CoC Applicant Profile in e-snaps is the only eligible applicant that may apply for CoC Planning and UFA Costs projects. Collaborative Applicants are not required to submit applications for FY 2025 CoC Planning and UFA Costs projects. HUD will award FY 2025 CoC Planning and UFA Costs projects using FY 2024 application submissions.

j. Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Bonus (DV Bonus). The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 provides \$52 million for "new rapid re-housing projects and supportive service projects providing coordinated entry, and for eligible activities that the Secretary determines to be critical in order to assist survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking." See section I.B.2.b.(6) of this NOFO for additional information.

CoCs must rank all new DV Bonus project applications on the New Project Listing of the CoC Priority Listing with a unique number ranking and when the project is part of an expansion, the corresponding renewal project application must be on the Renewal Project Listing with a unique rank number. HUD will only select a new DV Bonus project that expands an existing renewal project if HUD conditionally selects the renewal project in Tier 1 or 2. If HUD selects the renewal project application for conditional award with CoC Program funds and the new DV Bonus expansion project is approved for selection, HUD will select the new DV Bonus project with DV Bonus funds and remove the new DV Bonus project from the New Project Listing. All subsequent project applications ranked below the new DV Bonus project application will move up one rank position.

In cases where a new DV Bonus project is selected using the selection process noted in this section, it will be funded from funds made available for "new rapid re-housing projects and supportive service projects providing coordinated entry, and for eligible activities that the Secretary determines to be critical in order to assist individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking." To be eligible to receive a new DV Bonus project, the CoC must demonstrate it ranks projects based on how they improve system performance as outlined in section V.B.2.b of this NOFO. Additionally, to be eligible to receive a DV Bonus

project for PH-RRH or Joint TH/PH-RRH component, all projects funded through the DV Bonus must adopt a Housing First approach.

Each CoC may only submit one new SSO-CE DV Bonus project; however, there is no limit on the number of PH-RRH and Joint TH/PH-RRH DV Bonus projects CoCs may submit, provided that each application is for at least \$50,000. A project applicant may also apply to expand an existing renewal project, including one that was previously awarded with DV Bonus funding, in accordance with section I.B.2.b.(6) of this NOFO; however, only the new project application for the expansion will be considered for DV Bonus funds through this process. DV Bonus funding may be used to expand an existing renewal project that is not dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify as homeless under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act [see section III.B.4.a.(6)], so long as the DV Bonus funds for expansion are solely for additional units, beds, or services dedicated to persons eligible to be served with DV Bonus funding.

For new projects the CoC requests to be considered as part of the DV Bonus, HUD will award a point value to each project application using the following 100-point scale, including points based on FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application score and responses to the domestic violence bonus specific questions in the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Application [see (1), (2) and (3) below]:

(1) Rapid Rehousing (PH-RRH) and Joint Transitional Housing and Permanent Housing-Rapid Rehousing (Joint TH/PH-RRH) component projects:

(a) CoC Score. Up to 50 points in direct proportion to the score received on the CoC Application.

(b) CoC Collaboration with Victim Service Providers. Up to 10 points in direct proportion to the score received on the following rating factors in the CoC application: section V.B.1.e, section V.B.2.c, and section V.B.3.b.

(c) Need for the Project. Up to 10 points based on the extent the CoC quantifies the need for the project in its portfolio, the extent of need, and how the project will fill that gap.

(d) Quality of the Project Applicant Experience. Up to 15 points based on the previous performance of the applicant in serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and their ability to house survivors and meet safety outcomes.

(e) Demonstration of inclusion of victim-centered practices. Up to 8 points based on the quality of the project's plan to address the housing and safety needs of survivors by adopting victim-centered practices (e.g., Housing First, Trauma-Informed Care, Confidentiality) in operating their project. Full points will be awarded to project applicants that can demonstrate they are already adopting victim-centered practices.

(f) Demonstration of plan to include survivors with lived expertise. Up to 7 points based on the project's ability to demonstrate its plan to involve survivors in policy and program development throughout the project's operation.

(2) PH-RRH and Joint TH/PH-RRH component projects must follow a housing-first approach.

(3) Supportive Services Only Coordinated Entry (SSO-CE) to implement policies, procedures, and practices that equip the CoC's coordinated entry to better meet the needs of people experiencing homelessness who are experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking (e.g., to implement policies and procedures that are trauma-informed, client-centered or to better coordinate referrals between the CoC's coordinated entry and the victim service providers coordinated entry system where they are different):

(a) CoC Score. Up to 50 points in direct proportion to the score received on the CoC Application.

(b) CoC Collaboration with Victim Service Providers. Up to 10 points in direct proportion to the score received on the following rating factors in the CoC application: section V.B.1.e, section V.B.2.c, and section V.B.3.b.

(c) Need for the Project. Up to 25 points based on the extent to which the CoC demonstrates the need for a coordinated entry system that better meets the needs of individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and how the project will fill this need.

(d) Demonstration of plan to include survivors with lived expertise. Up to 15 points based on the project's ability to demonstrate its plan to involve survivors in policy and program development throughout the project's operation.

k. Participant Eligibility. Projects funded through this NOFO must have the following eligibility criteria for program participants. All references to paragraphs of the definition of homeless that are found throughout this NOFO refer to the paragraphs listed under the definition of "homeless" in 24 CFR 578.3 and include the definition of "homeless" under section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, even if section 103(b) is not explicitly referenced. All specific references to the definition of "homeless" under paragraph (4) of 24 CFR 578.3 that are found throughout this NOFO also include the definition of "homeless" under section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, even if section 103(b) is not explicitly referenced. All projects must participate in coordinated entry, and the selection of program participants must be consistent with the CoC's coordinated entry process. As provided by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, youth aged 24 and under must not be required to provide third-party documentation that they meet the homeless definition in 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act as a condition for receiving services funded under this NOFO. Additionally, any youth-serving provider funded under this NOFO may serve unaccompanied youth aged 24 and under or families headed by youth aged 24 and under who are living in unsafe situations. HUD interprets "youth-serving provider" as a private nonprofit organization whose primary mission is to provide services to youth aged 24 and under and families headed by youth aged 24 and under. HUD interprets "living in unsafe situations" as having an unsafe primary nighttime residence and no safe alternative to that residence. These youth-related requirements supersede any conflicting requirements under this NOFO or the Rule.

CoC, DV and YHDP Renewal projects must serve the same population of individuals or families as indicated in the expiring grant agreement.

Participants eligible to be served by New Projects, are as follows:

(1) New PH-PSH projects awarded CoC funds must serve one of the following:

(a) persons eligible to be served by DedicatedPLUS projects as described in section I.B.2.b.(5) of this NOFO in which case all units funded by the project must be used to serve program participants who meet the qualifications for DedicatedPLUS; or

(b) persons who are experiencing chronic homelessness [see 24 CFR 578.3 definition of Chronically Homeless] at the time they initially enroll in the project.

(2) New PH-RRH, Joint TH/PH-RRH, and SSO-CE projects awarded CoC funds must serve persons who qualify as homeless under paragraphs (1), (2), or (4) of 24 CFR 578.3, Section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, or persons who qualify as homeless under paragraph (3) of 24 CFR 578.3 if the CoC is approved to serve persons in paragraph (3).

(3) New DV Bonus and DV Reallocation projects (RRH, Joint TH/PH-RRH, and SSO-CE) must serve individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking who qualify as homeless under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or Section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. Additionally, these projects may serve individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking who qualify as homeless under paragraph (3) of 24 CFR 578.3 if the CoC is approved to serve persons in paragraph (3).

(4) New YHDP Replacement projects including YHDP Reallocation must serve youth aged 24 or younger, including unaccompanied and pregnant or parenting youth who:

(a) qualify as homeless under paragraphs (1), (2), or (4) of the homeless definition in 24 CFR 578.3 or Section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;

(b) have an unsafe primary nighttime residence and no safe alternative to that residence; or

(c) qualify as homeless under paragraph (3) of 24 CFR 578.3 if the CoC is approved to serve persons in paragraph (3).

II. AWARD INFORMATION

A. Available Funds

Funding of approximately \$3,524,000,000 is available through this NOFO. Subject to appropriations, HUD reserves the right to award fiscal year 2025 funds based on this NOFO competition.

Additional funds may become available for award under this NOFO consistent with Section VI.A.2.e., Adjustments to Funding. Use of these funds is subject to statutory constraints. All awards are subject to the funding restrictions contained in this NOFO.

Funding includes approximately \$188,000,000 for the non-competitive renewal and replacement of expiring YHDP grants. \$52,000,000 is available for Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Bonus (DV Bonus) projects, described in sections I.B.3.j and I.B.2.b.(6) of this NOFO.

III. ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

A. Eligible Applicants

1. HUD does not award grants to individuals. HUD will also not evaluate applications from ineligible applicants.

2. Faith-based organizations

a. Faith-based organizations may apply for this award on the same basis as any other organization, as set forth at [24 CFR 5.109](#), and subject to the protections and requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 2000bb et seq. HUD will not, in the selection of recipients, discriminate against an organization based on the organization's religious character, affiliation, or exercise.

b. A faith-based organization that participates in this program will retain its independence and may continue to carry out its mission consistent with religious freedom and conscience protections in Federal law, including the Free Speech and Free Exercise Clauses of the Constitution, 42 U.S.C. § 2000bb et seq., 42 U.S.C. § 238n, 42 U.S.C. § 18113, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e-1(a) and 2000e-2(e), 42 U.S.C. § 12113(d), and the Weldon Amendment, among others. Religious accommodations may also be sought under many of these religious freedom and conscience protection laws, particularly under the Religious Freedom Restoration Act.

c. A faith-based organization may not use direct financial assistance from HUD to support or engage in any explicitly religious activities except where consistent with the Establishment Clause and any other applicable requirements. Such an organization also may not, in providing services funded by HUD, discriminate against a beneficiary or prospective program beneficiary on the basis of religion, religious belief, a refusal to hold a religious belief, or a refusal to attend or participate in a religious practice.

3. Cost Sharing or Matching

This Program requires cost sharing or matching as described below.

24 CFR 578.73 of the Rule requires that recipients must match all grant funds, except for leasing funds, with no less than 25 percent of funds or in-kind contributions from other sources. 24 CFR 578.73.

Project applicants that intend to use program income as a match must provide an estimate of how much program income will be used for the match. HUD will not require YHDP Renewal or replacement projects to meet the 25 percent match requirement if the applicant is able to demonstrate it has taken reasonable steps to maximize resources available for youth experiencing homelessness.

4. Eligible Project Applicants (McKinney-Vento Act, 24 CFR 578.15, 24 CFR 5.100)

Eligible project applicants for the CoC Program Competition are found at 24 CFR 578.15 and in the Act and include nonprofit organizations, states, local governments, instrumentalities of state

and local governments, Indian Tribes and TDHE [as defined in section 4 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103) (TDHEs)]. Public housing agencies, as such term is defined in 24 CFR 5.100, are eligible without limitation or exclusion. For-profit entities are ineligible to apply for grants and are prohibited from being subrecipients of CoC Program grant funds.

5. Indian Tribes and Tribally Designated Housing Entities (TDHE)

The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260, approved December 27, 2020) amended Title IV to add Section 435 of the Act to allow Indian Tribes and Tribally Designated Housing Entities (TDHE) to be Collaborative Applicants, eligible entities, or subrecipients of the CoC Program in addition to amending Title IV Section 401 to add the terms “Formula Area” and “Indian Tribe.” These amendments mean that not only may Tribes and TDHEs apply for grants through other CoCs, but that formula areas, as that term is defined in the Indian Housing Block Grant program at 24 CFR 1000.302, are eligible to be added to the geographic areas of existing CoCs or may be included in newly formed CoCs through the CoC registration process (see Notice CPD-22-02).

Any applicant that is not a Tribe or TDHE proposing to site a project on a reservation or trust land must include a Tribal resolution from the Tribe authorizing the applicant to do so or a letter from an official or principal of the Indian Tribe or TDHE who is authorized to act on behalf of the Indian Tribe or TDHE. Tribes do not need to include a Tribal resolution to site a project on their own reservation or trust land.

6. Collaborative Applicants

Only CoCs with a valid e-snaps registration for the FY 2024 – FY 2025 CoC Program and YHDP Competition will have access to the FY 2024 – FY 2025 CoC Consolidated Application in e-snaps, which includes the CoC Application, CoC Priority Listing, and the project application(s). CoCs should not attempt to change Collaborative Applicants during the FY 2024 – FY 2025 CoC Program and YHDP Competition without prior HUD approval unless HUD replaces the CoC's designated Collaborative Applicant under the authority of Section 402(c) of the Act. HUD will approve Collaborative Applicant changes outside the annual CoC Program Registration process under the following circumstances:

- a.** the Collaborative Applicant made an error when entering the Collaborative Applicant name in the CoC Applicant Profile;
- b.** the CoC-designated Collaborative Applicant is no longer in business;
- c.** the CoC designates a new Collaborative Applicant; or
- d.** HUD designated a new Collaborative Applicant as a remedial action under Section 402(c) of the Act.

In cases where the CoC changes its designated Collaborative Applicant during the CoC Program Registration process, the CoC must notify the local HUD CPD field office, in writing, stating the reason for the Collaborative Applicant change. The notice to HUD must provide documentation of the CoC's approval of the change (e.g., a copy of the meeting minutes to include the date and attendees).

B. Rules and Regulations Applicable to HUD NOFOs

Applicants must comply with these rules to apply.

1. Eligibility Requirements for Applicants of HUD’s Financial Assistance Programs

The following requirements affect applicant eligibility. Detailed information on each requirement is found in the “[Eligibility Requirements for Applicants of HUD’s Competitive Programs](#)” document on HUD’s Funding Opportunities page. Applicants who fail to meet any of these eligibility requirements are deemed ineligible to receive HUD funding.

1. Universal Identifier and System for Award Management (SAM.gov) Requirements
2. Outstanding Delinquent Federal Debts
3. Debarments or Suspensions, or both
4. Mandatory Disclosure Requirement
5. Pre-selection Review of Performance
6. Sufficiency of Financial Management System
7. False Statements
8. Failure to conducting Business in Accordance with Ethical Standards/Code of Conduct
9. Prohibition Against Lobbying Activities

In addition, each applicant under this NOFO must have the necessary processes and systems in place to comply with the Award Term in Appendix A of [24 CFR part 170](#) if the applicant receives an award, unless an exception applies as provided in [2 CFR170.110](#).

2. Resolution of Civil Rights Matters

Applicants who fail to meet any of the following threshold eligibility requirements are deemed ineligible. Applications from ineligible applicants are not rated or ranked and will not receive HUD funding.

Outstanding civil rights matters must be resolved before the application submission deadline. Project applicants, who after review are confirmed to have civil rights matters unresolved at the application submission deadline, will be deemed ineligible. Their applications will receive no further review, will not be rated and ranked, and will not receive funding.

a. An applicant is ineligible for funding if the applicant has any of the charges, cause determinations, lawsuits, or letters of findings referenced in subparagraphs (1) – (5) that are not resolved to HUD’s satisfaction before or on the application deadline date for this NOFO.

(1) Charges from HUD concerning a systemic violation of the Fair Housing Act or receipt of a cause determination from a substantially equivalent state or local fair housing agency concerning a systemic violation of a substantially equivalent state or local fair housing law proscribing discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), national origin, disability or familial status;

(2) Status as a defendant in a Fair Housing Act lawsuit filed by the United States alleging a pattern or practice of discrimination or denial of rights to a group of persons raising an issue of general public importance under 42 U.S.C. § 3614(a);

(3) Status as a defendant in any other lawsuit filed or joined by the Department of Justice, or in which the Department of Justice has intervened, or filed an amicus brief or statement of interest, alleging a pattern or practice or systemic violation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Violence Against Women Act,

or a claim under the False Claims Act related to fair housing, non-discrimination, or civil rights generally including an alleged failure to affirmatively further fair housing;

(4) Receipt of a letter of findings identifying systemic non-compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974; Violence Against Women Act; or the Americans with Disabilities Act; or

(5) Receipt of a cause determination from a substantially equivalent state or local fair housing agency concerning a systemic violation of provisions of a state or local law prohibiting discrimination in housing based on sexual orientation, gender identity, or lawful source of income.

b. HUD will determine whether actions to resolve the charge, cause determination, lawsuit, or letter of findings taken before the application deadline date will resolve the matter. Examples of actions that may be sufficient to resolve the matter include, but are not limited to:

(1) Current compliance with a voluntary compliance agreement signed by all the parties;

(2) Current compliance with a HUD-approved conciliation agreement signed by all the parties;

(3) Current compliance with a conciliation agreement signed by all the parties and approved by the state governmental or local administrative agency with jurisdiction over the matter;

(4) Current compliance with a consent order or consent decree;

(5) Current compliance with a final judicial ruling or administrative ruling or decision; or

(6) Dismissal of charges.

3. Program-Specific Requirements

a. **Advancing Racial Equity.** In accordance with Executive Order [13985](#), Executive Order 14091, *Executive Order On Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government*, and Federal fair housing and civil rights laws, HUD is emphasizing rating factors regarding CoC evaluation of racial disparities as well as system and program changes to address racial equity within CoCs. Responses to preventing and ending homelessness should address racial inequities to ensure successful outcomes for all persons experiencing homelessness using proven approaches, such as: developing a coordinated community response created in partnership with a racially diverse set of stakeholders and people experiencing homelessness and partnering with organizations with experience serving underserved populations. CoCs should review local policies, procedures, and processes with attention to identifying barriers that result in racial disparities, and taking steps to eliminate barriers to improve racial equity and to address disparities. Note that any actions taken in furtherance of this section must be consistent with Federal nondiscrimination requirements.

In Rating Factors V.B.1.p. and V.B.2.e, Collaborative Applicants must demonstrate how the CoC addresses racial inequities, including identifying and eliminating barriers that result in racial disparities. In particular, Collaborative Applicants must demonstrate how the CoC's project selection will address racial inequities.

b. **Affirmative Marketing and Outreach.** You must submit a narrative demonstrating that the housing, services, outreach, or other benefits provided under this grant will be affirmatively

conducted broadly throughout the local area and nearby areas and targeted to reach any eligible persons in demographic groups that would be unlikely or least likely to be aware of the benefits of a HUD award absent such efforts, or entities that serve such groups. Such demographic groups may include, for example, Black and Brown persons or communities, individuals with limited English proficiency, individuals with disabilities, or families with children. Strategies for affirmative marketing or outreach include outreach through community contacts or service providers or at community centers serving the target population; and marketing on websites, social media channels, television, radio, and print media serving local members of the targeted group. You must describe the affirmative marketing/outreach activities that will be conducted if you are selected for a HUD award.

Collaborative Applicants must demonstrate via narrative response to rating factor V.B.1.j that the housing, services, outreach, or other benefits provided by the CoC are affirmatively conducted broadly throughout the local area and nearby areas and targeted to reach any eligible persons in demographic groups that would be unlikely or least likely to be aware of the benefits of a HUD award absent such efforts. At minimum, the narrative response must demonstrate: (1) how your CoC's street outreach efforts, including the methods it uses to ensure all persons experiencing unsheltered homelessness are identified and engaged; (2) how your CoC tailored its street outreach to persons experiencing homelessness who are least likely to request assistance; (3) that your CoC conducts street outreach throughout their entire geographic areas in a way that allows for quick identification and engagement of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness; (4) your CoC's street outreach methods provide effective communications for persons with disabilities including large print, sign-language interpreters, Braille, and other formats; and (5) how your CoC's street outreach methods provide access for persons with limited English proficiency. 2,500 character maximum.

c. Experience Promoting Racial Equity

In accordance with Executive Order 13985, Executive Order On Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government, Executive Order 14091, Further Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government, and Federal fair housing and civil rights law, your application must demonstrate that you have the experience and the resources to effectively address the needs of underserved communities, particularly Black and Brown communities, who are substantially overrepresented in the homeless population. This may include experience successfully working directly with such groups, experience designing or operating programs that equitably benefit such groups, or experience successfully advancing racial equity in other ways. This may also include experience soliciting, obtaining, and applying input from such groups when designing, planning, or implementing programs and activities.

Collaborative Applicants must provide a narrative response, in the CoC Application, which addresses the requirement outlined in the paragraph above. This narrative will be evaluated for sufficiency. If the narrative is deemed insufficient, it will be a "Curable Deficiency" that will be communicated to the Collaborative Applicant for correction. 2,500 character maximum.

d. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing

With some exceptions for Federally recognized Indian tribes and their instrumentalities, the application must discuss how the applicant will carry out the proposed activities in a manner that

affirmatively furthers fair housing in compliance with the Fair Housing Act and its implementing regulations, and how applicants will meet the requirements of the definition of AFFH at 24 CFR 5.151. Applicants may propose activities that are consistent with their jurisdiction's Analysis of Impediments (AI), an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH), or other means of fair housing planning that meaningfully supports their AFFH certification.

If the applicant will carry out proposed activities in a jurisdiction with an AFH, the proposed activities should be consistent with the AFH's fair housing goals and with fair housing strategies specified in the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan or Public Housing Agency Plan.

In response to Rating Factor V.B.1.o, Collaborative Applicants must describe how their proposed NOFO activities, including selection of projects, are aligned with AFFH requirements, as specified at 24 CFR 578.93(c) of the Rule.

4. Criteria for Applicants

a. Eligible Project Applications. In addition to eligible renewal project applications, the following types of project applications will be eligible for completion and submission under this NOFO. Ineligible project applications will not be reviewed.

(1) CoC Planning projects. All Collaborative Applicants are eligible and encouraged to apply for CoC Planning funds which they may use according to 24 CFR 578.39. CoC Planning project applications must be submitted by the CoC-designated Collaborative Applicant and the Collaborative Applicant organization must match the organization listed as the Collaborative Applicant in the CoC Applicant Profile in e-snaps. Collaborative Applicants must not rank Planning project applications in the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Program Competition. Planning projects will not affect a CoC's available amount for new and renewal project applications because it is not included in the CoC's ARD calculation.

(2) UFA Costs projects. Only those CoC-designated Collaborative Applicants approved for UFA designation by HUD are eligible to apply for UFA Costs project funds as described in 24 CFR 578.41. UFA Costs project application must be submitted by the CoC-designated Collaborative Applicant and the Collaborative Applicant organization must match the organization listed as the Collaborative Applicant in the CoC Applicant Profile in e-snaps. Collaborative Applicants must not rank UFA Costs projects in the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Program Competition. UFA Costs projects will not affect a CoC's available amount for new and renewal project applications as it is not included in the CoC's ARD calculation.

(3) New Projects Created Through the CoC Reallocation or CoC Bonus processes. CoCs may apply for the following types of new CoC projects through reallocation or the CoC Bonus process:

(a) PH-PSH projects.

(b) PH-RRH projects.

(c) Joint TH/PH-RRH component projects.

(d) Dedicated HMIS project for the costs at 24 CFR 578.37(a)(4) that may only be carried out by the HMIS Lead, which is the recipient or subrecipient of an HMIS grant and is listed on the HMIS Lead form in the CoC Applicant Profile in e-snaps.

Additionally, if the CoC has organizations within its geographic area that are victim service providers, the HMIS Lead, or subrecipient, may request HMIS funds for a comparable database. Victim service providers may also request HMIS funds in their project application budgets to enter data into a comparable database.

(e) SSO-CE project to develop or operate a Coordinated Entry system.

Prior to completing a new project application created through the reallocation process or Bonus processes, project applicants should consult with the CoC to determine which of these options will be available in the local CoC competition.

If HUD determines that a CoC Bonus or CoC Reallocation project applicant or a Collaborative Applicant incorrectly classified one or more new projects as reallocation or CoC Bonus, HUD may reclassify the project(s) as either reallocation or CoC Bonus if the CoC exceeded either its reallocation or CoC Bonus amounts. For example, if a project applicant or the Collaborative Applicant classified a new project application as reallocation but did not reallocate funds in whole or part from an eligible renewal project, and there are CoC Bonus funds available, HUD may reclassify the new project application as CoC Bonus during its review. If a project applicant uses both reallocation and CoC Bonus amounts to create a single new project but did not have enough available from either source, HUD will reduce the project to the amount available, if any.

A new CoC project may only use reallocated funds from eligible CoC renewal project(s) that have previously been renewed under the CoC Program and have a current grant agreement.

For new projects created through the CoC Bonus process, HUD must determine the CoC has demonstrated that the projects are evaluated and ranked based on the degree to which they improve the CoC's system performance.

(4) *New Projects Created Through DV Bonus or DV Reallocation processes.* To be considered for DV Bonus or DV Reallocation, new projects must be:

(a) PH-RRH projects dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are defined as homeless under 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;

(b) Joint TH/PH-RRH component projects defined in section I.B.2.b.(18) of this NOFO dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who are defined as homeless under 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act; or

(c) SSO-CE project to implement policies, procedures, and practices that equip the CoC's coordinated entry to better meet the needs of individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Where a new project may be eligible for the DV Bonus, CoC Bonus or reallocation process, if HUD determines that a project applicant incorrectly classified one or more new projects as a DV Bonus or DV Reallocation, HUD may reclassify the project(s). For example, if the

proposed project does not propose it is dedicated to serve individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, HUD may condition the project to ensure the required population is served or HUD may reclassify the project(s) as either CoC reallocation or CoC Bonus if the project(s) are eligible. If a project does not have enough funding available from CoC Bonus or reallocation sources, HUD will reduce the project to the amount available, if any, and determine if the project is feasible at the reduced rate.

For new projects created through DV Bonus, HUD must determine if the CoC has demonstrated that projects are evaluated and ranked based on the degree to which they improve the CoC's system performance.

(5) *New YHDP Projects Created through YHDP Replacement processes.* In general, CoCs may replace renewing YHDP project(s) to create one or more new YHDP Replacement projects. The YHDP Replacement process occurs when: (1) a CoC replaces a YHDP Renewal project to create one or more new YHDP project(s) that has the same recipient (referred to as YHDP Replacement in this NOFO); (2) a CoC is reallocating a YHDP Renewal project to create one or more new projects with a new recipient (referred to as YHDP Reallocation in this NOFO.); or (3) a CoC is reallocating YHDP Renewal project(s) to create YHDP Expansion applications through the YHDP Replacement process.

(a) YHDP Renewal project applicants may submit renewal applications [see section III.B.4.c)] for minor changes to a project, including adding or modifying select Special YHDP Activities under section III.B.4.b.(5); however, if a renewing YHDP project applicant chooses to modify the current project in a way that does not meet the definition of renewal project found at III.B.4.c of this NOFO, it must submit a YHDP Replacement project application.

(b) A YHDP Renewal project applicant may apply to expand its current project through the YHDP Replacement process. See section III.B.4.a.(6)(c) for more information.

(c) If an eligible YHDP Renewal project applicant submits a YHDP Replacement project application instead of submitting a renewal project application, it must:

(i.) include the grant number from the YHDP Renewal project(s) being replaced with the YHDP Replacement project application. The CoC's Collaborative Applicant is responsible for ensuring that only a renewal YHDP or replacement YHDP project application is submitted through the CoC Priority Listing. If the Collaborative Applicant submits both a renewal and replacement YHDP project application for the same project, HUD will only select the renewal YHDP project application;

(ii.) include a letter of support from the Youth Action Board; and

(iii.) show that the project is consistent with the CoC's most recent Coordinated Community Plan.

(d) HUD will only fund new YHDP Replacement projects which includes YHDP Reallocation projects as described below and in sections I.B.3.e and III.B.4.b.(5) of this NOFO:

(i.) Permanent Housing, including PH-PSH and PH-RRH projects.

(ii.) Joint TH/PH-RRH Component.

(iii.) TH or Crisis Residential Transitional Housing which is a form of transitional housing that is short-term, low-barrier, using a congregate living setting, and provides access to the following supportive services in particular: family engagement and unification, case management, emergency triage services and other supportive services whose purpose is to move youth rapidly into stable housing.

(iv.) SSO, including, but not limited to, housing search and placement services, case management, drop-in centers which are a physical location that offers a variety of services to individuals and families experiencing homelessness that can be funded through the drop-in center grant or through another grant, legal services, or street outreach.

(v.) SSO-CE.

(vi.) SSO - Host Home and Kinship Care. A model in which a family agrees to permit a youth to reside with them. Recognizing that the addition of another person in the home may increase costs to the family, HUD will entertain applications that propose to house youth with families and to subsidize the additional costs attributable to housing the youth. The residence is in a community-based setting. The family could be related to the youth and the length of stay may be time-limited or without time limits. YHDP funds may be used to subsidize the increased costs to the family that are attributable to housing the youth. An example of eligible costs would be additional food or transportation costs, which are eligible supportive services under 24 CFR 578.53(e)(7) or 24 CFR 578.53(e)(15). Recipients must keep records related to this determination by the recipient for HUD review upon request.

(vii.) HMIS.

(viii.) The inclusion of TH and SSO that are not SSO-CE are only available to YHDP Replacement project applications which includes YHDP Reallocation projects. No other project applicant is allowed to submit new project applications with these components; and if received, will be rejected.

(ix.) HUD will review new YHDP Reallocation and YHDP Replacement project applications to ensure the activities requested are eligible and the amounts requested do not exceed the amounts available for YHDP reallocation or, in the case of YHDP Replacements, the ARA of the renewal project(s) being replaced. HUD will not reject YHDP projects applications; however, HUD may require YHDP grant recipients to correct or revise information submitted after the final award announcement, prior to executing the grant agreement.

(x.) New YHDP Reallocation projects or projects created through the YHDP Replacement processes must include at least as many housing units and at least as much funding for the combination of Rental Assistance, Operating Costs, and Leasing as the grant being reallocated or replaced unless the YHDP Community demonstrates that a majority of their YHDP funding is being used for the combination of Rental Assistance, Operating Costs, and Leasing.

(6) Expansion Project. HUD will allow project applicants to apply for new expansion projects to expand existing projects to increase the number of units, persons served, services provided to existing program participants, or to add additional activities to HMIS and SSO-CE projects. [see section I.B.2.b.(9) of this NOFO]

CoC Bonus, DV Bonus, CoC Reallocation, and DV Reallocation funds may only be used to expand eligible CoC and DV Renewal projects. Applications to expand YHDP Renewal projects through the YHDP Replacement process can only be funded with funding reallocated from another YHDP Renewal project.

The new expansion project applications must meet the project eligibility and project quality thresholds in sections III.C.4.a. and b. of this NOFO and must be for the same component as the project being expanded. If the new expansion project exceeds the amount of funding available under the reallocation or Bonus processes, HUD will reduce the funding request to the available amount, which could affect the activities of the new expansion project. If both the new expansion project and the renewal project it expands are conditionally selected for funding, one grant agreement incorporating both approved project applications will be executed. To apply for an expansion grant with CoC Bonus, DV Bonus, DV Reallocation, or CoC Reallocation funding, project applicants must submit separate new and renewal project applications and both projects must be ranked by the CoC with unique rank numbers. In the case of YHDP Replacement applications to expand existing YHDP Renewal projects, applicants must submit a YHDP Replacement and a YHDP Reallocation application separately and each project must be included in the CoC's Priority Listing; however, these projects must not be ranked.

If a project application does not meet the following requirements, or if the renewal project the new project application is proposing to expand is not selected for award, HUD will review the new project and will consider it as a standalone project during the selection process provided that the project is feasible on its own with its requested funding and provided it passes project eligibility and project quality threshold requirements.

(a) The following limitations apply to expansion grant applications:

(i.) HUD will not fund expansion applications that include requests for capital costs (i.e., new constructions, rehabilitation, or acquisition) and will only allow 1-year funding requests.

(ii.) CoC Bonus, CoC Reallocation, DV Bonus or DV Reallocation funding cannot be used to expand a YHDP renewal project.

(iii.) If CoC Bonus, DV Bonus or CoC Reallocation funding is used to expand a DV Renewal project, the entire expanded project must be 100 percent dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under paragraph (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

(iv.) When DV Reallocation funding is used to expand another project, the entire expansion project must meet all the requirements of a DV Bonus project.

(v.) New YHDP projects created with reallocated YHDP funding may be used to expand an existing YHDP renewal project through the YHDP Replacement process. The expansion YHDP project must meet the requirements of a new YHDP Replacement application.

(b) Project applicants expanding an eligible CoC Renewal, or DV Renewal project must:

(i.) submit the renewal project application that will be expanded and a new project application with expansion information;

(ii.) in the new project application, enter the grant number of the eligible renewal project proposed for expansion;

(iii.) indicate how the new project application will expand units, beds, services, persons served, or services provided to existing program participants, or in the case of HMIS or SSO-CE projects, how the current activities will be expanded for the CoC's geographic area;

(iv.) ensure the funding request for the expansion grant is within the funding parameters allowed under CoC Reallocation, CoC Bonus, DV Bonus, or DV Reallocation amounts available.

(c) Project applicants expanding an eligible YHDP Renewal project through the YHDP Replacement process must:

(i.) submit a YHDP Renewal project application and a new YHDP Reallocation project application with the expansion information through the YHDP Replacement process, including the grant number of the YHDP Renewal project being expanded.

(ii.) indicate how the expansion project application will expand units, beds, services, persons served, or services provided to existing program participants

(iii.) ensure the funding request for the YHDP Reallocation application to expand the YHDP Renewal project is within the funding parameters allowed under the YHDP Reallocation amount available.

(iv.) ensure the YHDP Renewal and YHDP Reallocation project applications meet the requirements in sections I.B.3.e and III.B.4.b.(5) of this NOFO

(d) DV Bonus and DV Reallocation Expansion Applications.

(i.) DV Bonus and DV Reallocation funds can only be used for an application to expand an existing renewal project if the new expansion project is dedicated to individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

(ii.) Project applicants may use DV Bonus funds to expand an existing renewal project that is not currently dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to dedicate additional beds, units, persons served, or services provided to existing program participants of

this population; however, only the new project application for the expansion will be considered for DV Bonus funds. Only the new project application for the expansion will be considered for DV Bonus funds and HUD will use the DV Bonus selection process described in I.B.3.j.

(iii.) If an applicant proposes to use DV Reallocation funds to expand an existing renewal project that is not currently dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to dedicate additional beds, units, persons served, or services provided to existing program participants of this population, the entire project, including the renewal project being expanded, must serve 100 percent individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. In the case of DV Reallocation Projects, HUD will use the Tier 1 and Tier 2 selection process described in section I.B.3.h of this NOFO.

(iv.) For expansion applications created with new DV Bonus or DV Reallocation funds, if the application does not meet the above requirements for an expansion project or the renewal portion is not selected, HUD will review the new project and will consider it as a standalone DV Bonus or DV Reallocation project during the selection process provided that the project is feasible on its own with its requested funding and provided it passes project eligibility and project quality threshold requirements.

(7) Consolidation Project. Applicants intending to use the consolidation process to combine two or more, but no more than 10, eligible renewal projects (including renewing YHDP projects), may do so through the renewal project application.

(a) For renewal projects consolidating during the FY 2024 Funding Process, the current period of performance and budget period must have end dates in CY 2025. For renewal projects consolidating during the FY 2025 Funding Process, the period of performance and budget period of the expiring grant must have end dates in CY 2026. Applicants intending to use the consolidation process must ensure:

(i.) Budget Line Items (BLIs) for the consolidated project application submitted, exactly match the sum of the BLIs for each of the individual projects as they appear on the grant agreement, or the grant agreement as amended;

(ii.) inclusion of the expiring grant numbers with period of performance and budget period start and end dates for the projects that are consolidating;

(iii.) are in good standing with HUD, meaning none of the projects have:

- i. outstanding audit or monitoring findings,
- ii. outstanding obligation to HUD that is in arrears,
- iii. unresolved construction delays,
- iv. a history of poor financial management/drawdown issues,
- v. history of low occupancy levels, or lack experience in administering the

project type, or
vi. other capacity issues.

(iv.) the projects have the same recipient and are for the same component.

(b) YHDP Renewal projects that wish to consolidate may establish a single YHDP Replacement grant to replace multiple YHDP Renewal grants.

(c) The following projects cannot be consolidated and if a project application meeting these characteristics attempts to consolidate, HUD will not consider the consolidation, but rather select the projects individually in their ranked position (if applicable) provided they pass project eligibility and project quality threshold requirements:

(i.) a DV Renewal project cannot consolidate with a CoC Renewal project (a project not dedicated to serving individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking who qualify under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act) or a YHDP Renewal project;

(ii.) a YHDP Renewal project cannot consolidate with a CoC Renewal project or a DV Renewal project;

(iii.) a TH and a PH project cannot consolidate to form a Joint TH/PH-RRH component project; and

(iv.) transition grants cannot consolidate with any other project.

(d) To request the consolidation of eligible renewal projects, project applicants must submit renewal projects for the individual projects to be included in the consolidation and each project application must identify the grant number that will survive which must be the grant number with the earliest start date in CY 2025 for FY 2024 consolidations or CY 2026 for consolidations that occur during the FY 2025 Funding process. Project applications for the grants that are proposed to be part of the consolidation must be ranked with a unique rank number for each project, and if all those grants are selected, HUD will conditionally award the single surviving grant based on its ranked position to include the amount of funding of all grants included in the consolidation. All other project applications included in the surviving grant will be removed from the CoC's ranking resulting in project applications below to slide up one ranked position. Project applicants must not submit a consolidated project application that contains two different components (e.g., PH and TH).

(e) The start date for the consolidated grant, if conditionally awarded, will be the day after the expiration date of the eligible renewal project with the earliest expiration date. HUD will calculate the expiration date for the consolidated grant by averaging the expiration dates for all expiring grants included in the consolidated grant weighted by the size of each expiring grant. If that date falls on the first through the fifteenth of a month, then the expiration date will be the last day of the previous month. If the date falls on the sixteenth through the end of the month, then the expiration date will be the last day of the month.

HUD will calculate the expiration date for the consolidated grant as follows: It will be 'X' months after the end of the 12th month after the start date for the consolidated grant with 'X' determined by calculating the sum for all grants of the total award times the number of months after the expiration of the first expiring grant that the grant expires and dividing that sum by the total award for the consolidated grant. If the calculation of 'X' results in a partial month, if it is less than 0.5, then the consolidated grant will expire on the last day of the previous month, and if it is 0.5 or more, then the consolidated grant will expire on the last day of the calculated month.

(f) Collaborative Applicants designated by HUD as UFAs have more flexibility in how they manage their CoC Program-funded projects, making the consolidation of projects during the CoC Program competition unnecessary. A Collaborative Applicant with UFA designation can consolidate projects during the grant term, so long as the consolidations are not combining different component types and the projects are funded under the same grant (e.g., projects are currently funded under the same renewal grant). If a UFA-designated Collaborative Applicant consolidates projects during the grant term, it can apply to renew them during the CoC Program Competition as consolidated projects.

b. Eligible Costs. Except as otherwise stated below, 24 CFR 578.37 through 578.63 identify the eligible costs that applicants may request under the CoC Program.

(1) Eligible costs for YHDP projects originally funded under the YHDP Competition are also eligible YHDP Renewal project costs under this NOFO. Additionally, YHDP Renewal projects may include the YHDP Special Activities described in section III.B.4.b.(5) subject to requirements in sections III.B.4.c. including III.B.4.c.(7)(b) of this NOFO. YHDP Replacement project applications under this NOFO may include requests for eligible CoC Program Costs, the YHDP activities described in section III.B.4.a.(5) and the YHDP Special Activities in section III.B.4.s.(6) of this NOFO. HUD will reject any requests for ineligible costs, except as otherwise provided in this NOFO.

(2) Section 605(a)(2) of VAWA 2022 amended section 423(a) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act to add the following eligible activity to the CoC program: "Facilitating and coordinating activities to ensure compliance with the emergency transfer plan requirement in [34 U.S.C. 12491(e)] and monitoring compliance with the confidentiality protections in [34 U.S.C. 12491(c)(4)]."

HUD has determined that eligible activities paid for under the VAWA costs category are not subject to the CoC program's spending caps on administrative costs under section 423(a)(10), (11), and (12). This activity may be included in new project applications, added to eligible renewal projects through expansion or added to eligible renewal projects by shifting up to 10 percent of funds from one eligible activity to the VAWA costs line item.

(a) Examples of eligible costs for emergency transfer facilitation include the costs of assessing, coordinating, approving, denying and implementing a survivor's emergency transfer which includes:

(i.) Assistance with moving costs. Reasonable moving costs to move survivors for an emergency transfer.

- (ii.) Assistance with travel costs. Reasonable travel costs for survivors and their families to travel for an emergency transfer.
- (iii.) Security Deposits. Grant funds can be used to pay for security deposits of the safe units the survivor is transferring to via an emergency transfer.
- (iv.) Utilities. Grant funds can be used to pay for costs of establishing utility assistance in the safe unit the survivor is transferring to.
- (v.) Housing Fees. Fees associated with getting survivor into a safe unit via emergency transfer, includes but not limited to application fees, broker fees, holding fees, trash fees, pet fees where the person believes they need their pet to be safe, etc.
- (vi.) Case management. Grant funds can be used to pay staff time necessary to assess, coordinate and implement emergency transfers.
- (vii.) Housing navigation. Grant funds can be used to pay staff time necessary to identify safe units and facilitate moves into housing for survivors through emergency transfers.
- (viii.) Technology to make an available unit safe. Grant funds can be used to pay for technology that the individual believes is needed to make the unit safe, including but not limited to doorbell cameras, security systems, phone and internet service when necessary to support security systems for the unit, etc.

(b) Examples of eligible costs for monitoring compliance with the VAWA confidentiality requirements include the costs of ensuring compliance with the VAWA confidentiality requirements which includes:

- (i.) Monitoring and evaluating compliance with VAWA confidentiality requirements.
- (ii.) Developing and implementing strategies for corrective actions and remedies.
- (iii.) Program evaluation of confidentiality policies, practices and procedures.
- (iv.) Training on compliance with VAWA confidentiality requirements.
- (v.) Reporting to Collaborative Applicant, HUD and other interested parties on compliance with VAWA confidentiality requirements.
- (vi.) Costs for establishing methodology to protect survivor information.
- (vii.) Staff time associated with maintaining adherence to confidentiality requirements.

(3) Section 5707 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (PL 117-263, December 23, 2022, 136 Stat 2395) amended section 423(a) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act to allow projects in rural areas [as defined in section I.B.2.b.(26) of this NOFO] to use program funds to pay for the following eligible Continuum of Care Program activities:

- (a)** Payment of short-term emergency lodging, including in motels or shelters, directly or through vouchers.

(b) Repairs to units in which individuals and families experiencing homelessness will be housed; or are currently not fit for human habitation.

(c) Staff training, professional development, skill development, and staff retention activities.

HUD has determined that eligible activities paid for under the Rural costs category may be included in new project applications or added to eligible renewal projects through expansion.

HUD will publish a list of CoCs located in rural areas as defined in section I.B.2.b.(26) of this NOFO.

(4) Indirect Costs. Indirect cost rules under 2 CFR part 200, as may be amended from time to time, apply. Project applicants that intend to charge indirect costs to the award must clearly state in the project application(s) the rate and distribution base the recipient intends to use, and if applicable, the rate and distribution base to be used by any subrecipient(s). If the rate is a Federally negotiated indirect cost rate, the project application must include the corresponding negotiated indirect cost rate agreement signed by the cognizant agency. A government department or agency unit that receives no more than \$35 million in direct federal funding per year and has developed and maintains an indirect cost rate proposal and supporting documentation in accordance with 2 CFR part 200, appendix VII, may use the rate and distribution base specified in that indirect cost rate proposal, unless the cognizant agency requires the proposal to be submitted for negotiation.

For each applicant or intended subrecipient that meets the conditions for using the de minimis rate under 2 CFR 200.414(f) and will use that rate to charge indirect costs, the project application must clearly state the intended use of the de minimis rate. As described in 2 CFR 200.403, costs must be consistently charged as either indirect or direct costs but must not be double charged or inconsistently charged as both. Once an organization elects to use the de minimis rate, the organization must apply this methodology consistently for all Federal awards until the organization chooses to negotiate for a rate, which the organization may apply to do at any time. Documentation of the decision to use the de minimis rate must be retained on file for audit.

(5) Special YHDP Activities. YHDP Renewal and YHDP Replacement including YHDP Reallocation projects may submit applications that include the following special YHDP activities, which are ineligible under the CoC Program, subject to the conditions specified in this section:

(a) Recipients may carry out the activities below with written notice to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Special Needs, subject to the requirements governing grant agreement amendments at 24 CFR 578.105. HUD will consider the inclusion of these activities in the project application as notification to the Deputy Assistance Secretary for Special Needs.

(i.) Housing projects may have leases for a minimum term of 1 month plus 1 day under rental assistance budget line items.

(ii.) Projects may use leasing, sponsor-based rental assistance, and project-based rental assistance in RRH projects.

- (iii.) In addition to the eligible costs listed in 24 CFR 578.59(a), recipients may use project administration funds to support costs of involving youth with lived experience in project implementation, execution, and improvement.
- (iv.) Recipient may use project administrative funds to attend conferences and trainings that are not HUD-sponsored or HUD-approved, provided that the subject matter is relevant to youth homelessness.
- (v.) Projects may employ youth who are receiving services, or housing assistance, from the recipient organization. Recipients that use this special YHDP activity must maintain documentation that discloses the nature of work that the youth performs, and that the youth is not in a position that creates a conflict of interest.
- (vi.) Projects may use habitability standards in 24 CFR 576.403(c) rather than Housing Quality Standards in 24 CFR 578.75 for short- or medium-term (up to 24 months) housing assistance. Recipients implementing this special YHDP activity must keep documentation of which standards they apply to the units and proof that the units complied with standards before assistance is provided for every unit funded.
- (vii.) Recipients may provide moving expenses to a program participant more than once.
- (viii.) Recipients may provide payments of up to \$500 per month for families that provide housing under a host home and kinship care model to offset the increased costs associated with having youth housed in the unit.
- (ix.) YHDP recipients may continue providing supportive services to program participants for up to 12 months after the program participant exits homelessness, transitional housing or after the end of housing assistance.
- (x.) Recipients may use grant funds for the following if they are necessary to assist program participants to obtain and maintain housing. Recipients and subrecipients must maintain records establishing how it was determined that paying the costs was necessary for the program participant to obtain and retain housing and must also conduct an annual assessment of the needs of the program participants and adjust costs accordingly:
- i. Security deposits for units in an amount not to exceed 2 months of rent.
 - ii. The costs to pay for any damage to housing due to the action of program participants, which may be paid while the youth continues to reside in the unit. The total costs paid for damage per program participant may not exceed the cost of 2 months' rent.
 - iii. The costs of providing household cleaning supplies to program participants.
 - iv. Housing start-up expenses for program participants, including furniture, pots and pans, linens, toiletries, and other household goods, not to exceed \$300 in value per program participant.
 - v. The one-time cost of purchasing a cellular phone and service for program participant use, provided access to a cellular phone is necessary to obtain or

maintain housing and the costs of the phone and services are reasonable per 2 CFR 200.404.

vi. The cost of internet in program participants' units if the costs of the service is reasonable per 2 CFR 200.404.

vii. Payment of rental arrears consisting of a one-time payment for up to 6 months of rent in arrears, including any late fees on those arrears.

viii. Payment of utility arrears of up to 6 months per utility.

ix. Up to 3 months of utilities for a program participant, based on the utility costs schedule for the unit size and location.

x. In addition to transportation costs eligible in 24 CFR 578.53(e)(15), recipients may pay gas and mileage costs for a program participant's personal vehicle for trips to and from medical care, employment, childcare, or other services eligible under this section.

xi. Legal fees, including court fees, bail bonds, and required courses and equipment.

xii. Program participant's past driving fines and fees that are blocking a young person from being able to obtain or renew a driver's license and impacting their ability to obtain or maintain housing. Additionally, recipients may pay for program participants' costs for insurance and registration for personal vehicles, if the personal vehicle is necessary to reach medical care, employment, childcare, or other services eligible under this section.

(b) Under the conditions specified below, recipients may make use of the following built-in exceptions to this NOFO's requirements, subject to approval by the Deputy Assistance Secretary for Special Needs and requirements governing grant agreement amendments at 24 CFR 578.105. To expedite grant agreement processing, applicants should include as much information as possible as part of their project application to demonstrate they meet the conditions specified below.

(i.) Projects may provide up to 36 months of RRH rental assistance to program participants if the recipient demonstrates: (1) the method it will use to determine which youth need rental assistance beyond 24 months and (2) the services and resources that will be offered to ensure youth are able to sustain their housing at the end of the 36 months of assistance.

(ii.) Projects may continue providing supportive services to program participants for up to 24 months after a program participant exits homelessness, transitional housing or after the end of housing assistance if the recipient demonstrates: (1) the proposed length of extended services to be provided; (2) the method it will use to determine whether services are still necessary; and (3) how those services will result in self-sufficiency and ensure stable housing for program participants.

(iii.) Projects may continue providing supportive services to program participants for up to 36 months after program participants exit homelessness, if the services are in connection with housing assistance, such as the [Foster Youth to Independence](#)

[initiative](#), or if the recipient can demonstrate that extended supportive services ensures continuity of caseworkers for program participants.

(iv.) Rental assistance may be combined with leasing or operating funds in the same unit, provided that the recipient submits a project plan that includes safeguards to ensure that no part of the project would receive a double subsidy.

(v.) Projects may provide payments of up to \$1,000 per month for families that provide housing under a host home and kinship care model, provided that the recipient can show that the additional cost is necessary to recruit hosts to the program.

(vi.) YHDP recipients may pay for short-term (up to three months) emergency lodging in motels or shelters as the transitional housing component in a Joint transitional housing-rapid rehousing (TH-RRH) project, provided that the recipient can demonstrate that use of the hotel or motel room is accessible to supportive services.

(c) In addition to the specific activities authorized above or in 24 CFR part 578, other **innovative activities** to reduce youth homelessness may be carried out in a YHDP project, subject to approval by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Special Needs and requirements governing grant agreement amendments at 24 CFR 578.105. Requests to carry out YHDP innovative activities are permitted to be requested in any YHDP application. YHDP Replacement applicant must demonstrate to HUD that the activity meets the following criteria; and to expedite grant agreement processing, must include as much information as possible as part of their project application.

(d) YHDP Renewal or YHDP Replacement applications requesting to carryout Special YHDP Activities must demonstrate the following:

(i.) The activity is approved by both the Youth Action Board (YAB) which is a group of at least 4 youth with voting power on policy decisions of the CoC, particularly on policies that relate to preventing and ending youth homelessness. Each YAB member must be age 24 or younger, and at least two-thirds of the YAB members must have lived experience/expertise of homelessness and should be representative of the youth and young adult population experiencing homelessness in the community, and must be a formal committee within the CoC, as evidenced by letters of support from each organization;

(ii.) That activity will be testing or likely to achieve a positive outcome in at least one of the four core outcomes for youth experiencing homelessness (stable housing, permanent connections, education/employment, and well-being);

(iii.) The activity is cost-effective; and

(iv.) The activity is not in conflict with fair housing, civil rights, or environmental regulations.

c. Renewal Project Requirements. As set forth in 24 CFR 578.33, projects may renew under the FY 2024 – FY 2025 CoC Program Competition NOFO to continue ongoing leasing, operating, supportive services, rental assistance, HMIS, and project administrative costs.

Awards HUD made under the CoC Program and YHDP are eligible for renewal with FY 2024 CoC Program funds if they are currently operating and have an expiration date in CY 2025 (the period from January 1, 2025, through December 31, 2025). Therefore, project applications for grants previously awarded 1 year of funding, including projects awarded funding under the FY 2023 CoC Program Competition NOFO, are renewable for the FY 2024 CoC Program funding opportunity if they are currently operating and have an expiration date in CY 2025.

Awards made under the CoC Program and YHDP will be eligible for renewal with FY 2025 CoC Program funding subject to the FY 2025 HUD Appropriation and if they have a signed grant agreement with HUD that will expire in CY 2026 (January 1, 2026, and ending December 31, 2026). For awards made in FY 2024, HUD will make FY 2025 awards using the FY 2024 application, subject to any FMR and Cost of Living adjustments and FY 2025 appropriations. Projects that did not meet the eligibility criteria to renew in FY 2024 but are eligible for FY 2025 renewal funding must submit a renewal application by the FY 2025 application submission deadline established in this NOFO.

(1) Renewal project applications must be submitted by the same recipient that signed the executed grant agreement for the grant being renewed, or entity that became the recipient through a grant agreement transfer amendment. To be eligible as a renewal project, the application must (1) be for the same amount of funding before any adjustments described in this NOFO (e.g. FMR adjustments), or the amount reduced due to reallocation ; (2) be for the same program component; (3) in the case of CoC renewal projects, must continue to serve program participants who are enrolled in the project under the project's current grant agreement; and (4) in the case of DV Bonus renewal projects and YHDP Renewal projects, must continue to serve the same subpopulation.

(2) If HUD conditionally selects a renewal grant during the FY 2024 or FY 2025 funding process that does not have an expiration date that meets the renewal eligibility requirements prescribed by this NOFO, HUD will withdraw any funds conditionally selected for award.

(3) Projects that were eligible under predecessor programs, specifically Safe Haven projects, will continue to be eligible under the CoC Program and will continue to be eligible for renewal of leasing, operating, supportive services, rental assistance, HMIS, and project administrative costs under 24 CFR 578.33(d)(1) so long as the project continues to serve the same population and the same number of program participants or units in the same type of housing as identified in their most recent grant agreement, amended grant agreement, signed before August 31, 2012. No new Safe Haven projects will be funded; however, existing Safe Haven projects may be renewed to continue to carry out activities that are eligible costs under Subpart D of the Rule.

(4) The total request for each renewing project, including non-competitive YHDP Renewal and YHDP Replacement projects, is limited to a project's ARA. Additionally, where two or more eligible projects are being consolidated through the project application, the total ARA of the consolidation project must be equal to or less than the sum of the original renewal projects before consolidation. Because funds for acquisition, new construction, and rehabilitation are not renewable, grants being renewed whose original expiring award included acquisition, new construction, and rehabilitation funds may only renew leasing, supportive services, rental assistance, operating, and HMIS costs and must not exceed 10 percent in administrative costs.

(5) HUD will recapture grant funds remaining unspent at the end of the previous grant period when it renews a grant.

(6) HUD encourages the consolidation of eligible renewal grants as provided in section I.B.3.d of this NOFO. This does not apply to CoCs that HUD designates as UFAs, because UFAs enter into a single renewal grant agreement with HUD for the CoC's entire geographic area. If applicable, HUD issues a separate UFA grant agreement that only includes YHDP grants.

(7) Subject to HUD approval and the terms of the NOFO, the following requests may be included in a renewal application:

(a) CoC renewal project applications may include non-significant changes including shifting up to 10 percent of funds from one approved eligible activity to another.

(b) YHDP Renewal project applications from any round may include non-significant changes including adding select Special YHDP Activities in section III.B.4.b.(5) and shifting up to 10 percent of funds from one approved eligible activity to another.

(c) DV Renewal project applications may include non-significant changes including shifting up to 10 percent of funds from one approved eligible activity to another.

Renewing DV Bonus projects must continue to serve individuals and families of persons experiencing trauma or a lack of safety related to fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking who qualify as homeless under paragraphs (1) or (4) of the definition of homeless at 24 CFR 578.3 or Section 103(b) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. YHDP renewal projects must serve youth, age 24 or younger, who qualify as homeless under paragraph (1), (2), and (4) of 578.3, including unaccompanied, pregnant and parenting youth, where no member of the household is older than 24. Additionally, these projects may serve youth aged 24 and under who qualify as homeless under paragraph (3) of 24 CFR 578.3 if the CoC is approved to serve persons in paragraph (3).

(d) Renewal applications that include requests to shift more than 10 percent of funds from one approved eligible activity to another and other significant changes as defined at 24 CFR 578.105 will not be considered during the CoC Program Competition by HUD. If an application includes a budget shift that exceeds 10 percent, HUD will correct the project budget to reflect the previously awarded budget amounts.

(e) CoC renewal project applicants may also apply to transition an eligible renewal project from one program component to another eligible new component through reallocation and use those funds to create a single, new transition grant [see section I.B.2.b.(30) of this NOFO]. YHDP Renewal project applicants are not permitted to utilize the transition grant application process. YHDP applicants must submit a YHDP Replacement application to change program components.

(f) YHDP Replacement projects cannot request capital costs (i.e., new construction, acquisition, or rehabilitation).

(8) **Actual Per Unit Cost – Renewal Grants.** Applicants requesting renewal of grants for rental assistance may request a per-unit amount less than the Fair Market Rent (FMR) if the

actual rent per unit under lease is less than the FMR. This will help reduce the number of projects receiving rental assistance that have large balances of unspent funds remaining at the end of the operating year. Renewal project applicants must ensure the amount requested will be sufficient to cover all eligible costs as HUD cannot provide funds beyond the amount awarded through the FY 2024 – 2025 CoC Program Competition. Project applications for rental assistance cannot request more than 100 percent of the published FMR. **New project applications must adhere to 24 CFR 578.51(f) and must request the full FMR amount per unit.** See section V.D of this NOFO for additional information regarding FMR adjustments for projects receiving funds for rental assistance.

(9) Renewal and Replacement Grant Terms. CoC Program renewal, YHDP Renewal, and YHDP Replacement project applications submitted during the FY 2024 and FY 2025 CoC and YHDP Funding Processes are limited to a 1-year grant term with 1 year of funding. HUD may extend the grant term consistent with 2 CFR 200.308 and 2 CFR 200.309.

Any renewal PH project that receives project-based rental assistance or operating costs may request up to a 15-year grant term; however, project applicants may only request 1 year of funding. HUD may extend the grant term consistent with 2 CFR 200.308 and 2 CFR 200.309. Project applicants must apply for the additional funds as a renewal project application prior to the anniversary of the first expenditure of grant funds by which date grant funds should have been expended; or, if HUD extends the date that funds must be expended, the date the extension expires. HUD does not guarantee CoC Program funds past the 1 year of renewal funding.

The first year of funding for YHDP Replacement projects will be based on the 1-year renewal amount of the current YHDP project being replaced. The YHDP Replacement project's operating start date will be the day after the end of the previous grant term for the project being replaced.

d. New Project Requirements. CoCs may submit new projects created through DV Bonus, CoC Bonus, CoC Reallocation, DV Reallocation, YHDP Replacement including YHDP Reallocation, or a combination of reallocation and CoC Bonus. A CoC designated Collaborative Applicant may submit a new CoC Planning project application, and if applicable, a UFA Costs project application.

To expend funds within statutorily required deadlines, applicants funded for sponsor-based and project-based rental assistance must execute the grant agreement and begin providing rental assistance within 2 years. However, HUD strongly encourages all rental assistance to begin within 12 months of award. Applicants that are unable to begin rental assistance within the 12-month period should consult with the local HUD CPD field office.

(1) HUD will review project subrecipient eligibility as part of the project quality threshold review process. Project applicants must submit documentation of the subrecipient's eligibility with the project application.

(2) Any youth-serving provider funded under this NOFO may serve unaccompanied youth aged 24 and under (or families headed by youth aged 24 and under, including pregnant or parenting youth) who have an unsafe primary nighttime residence and no safe alternative to that residence.

(3) Per the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, to receive funding for a new CoC project, except those created through reallocation, HUD must determine the CoC has demonstrated that projects are evaluated and ranked based on the degree to which they improve the CoC's system performance [See more information on System Performance in sections I.A.4.b.(4) and V.B.2.b of this NOFO].

(4) *New Project Grant Terms.* The initial grant term for new project applications may be 1-year, 2-years, 3-years, 4-years, 5-years, or 15-years. HUD may extend the grant consistent with 2 CFR 200.308 and 2 CFR 200.309. New projects awarded 1-year grants under the FY 2024 funding process will be eligible for renewal with FY 2025 CoC Program funds if they have a signed grant agreement with HUD that will expire in CY 2026 (January 1, 2026, and ending December 31, 2026). HUD will make FY 2025 awards using the FY 2024 application, subject to any FMR adjustments and FY 2025 appropriations. If a HUD conditionally selects a FY 2024 grant for renewal in FY 2025 that does not have an expiration date in CY 2026, HUD will withdraw any award conditionally selected for FY 2025 renewal funding. The following exceptions apply:

(a) HUD will allow new projects to request 1 year of funding with a longer initial grant term not to exceed 18 months. HUD has determined that most new projects requesting 1 year of funding normally take approximately 3 to 6 months to begin fully operating the new project (e.g., hiring staff, developing partnerships with landowners if leasing or renting). Therefore, a new project requesting 1 year of funding may request a grant term of 12 months to 18 months that will allow for the additional start-up process. Any new projects requesting capital costs (i.e., new construction, acquisition, or rehabilitation) are not eligible for 1-year funding requests. See (g) below for more information on new projects requesting capital costs. Transition grant applications cannot request 18-month grant terms.

(b) Any new expansion project submitted to expand an eligible renewal CoC Program-funded project may only request a 1-year grant term, regardless of the project type.

(c) Any new project that requests tenant-based rental assistance may request a 1-year, 2-year, 3-year, 4-year, or 5-year grant term.

(d) Any new project that requests leasing costs - either leasing costs only or leasing costs plus other costs (e.g., supportive services, HMIS) - may request up to a 3-year grant term.

(e) Any new project that requests project-based rental assistance or sponsor-based rental assistance, or operating costs may request up to a 15-year grant term; however, the project applicant may only request up to 5 years of funds. Funding for the remainder of the term is subject to availability. Applicants must apply for additional funds through a renewal project application in the competition held in the calendar year prior to the anniversary of the first expenditure of grant funds, or if HUD has extended the grant term, the date the extension expires. HUD does not guarantee CoC Program funds past the initial 5-year grant term, if conditionally awarded.

(f) Any new project that requests operating costs, supportive services only, HMIS, and project administrative costs may request 1-year, 2-year, 3-year, 4-year, or 5-year grant terms with funding for the same number of years.

(g) Any new project conditionally selected by HUD that requests new construction, acquisition, or rehabilitation costs (capital costs) must request a minimum of a 3-year grant term and may request up to a 5-year grant term. Any new projects requesting capital costs are not eligible for 1-year funding requests. If a new project requests 1 year of funding with capital costs, HUD will increase the grant term to 3-years and the new project must spend the funds requested over a 3-year period.

If an applicant requests funds for new construction, acquisition, or rehabilitation in addition to requesting funds for operating, supportive services, or HMIS, the funding will be for the 3-years to 5-years requested, and the grant term will be 3-years to 5-years plus the time necessary to acquire the property, complete construction, and begin operating the project. HUD will require recordation of a HUD-approved use and repayment covenant before funds can be drawn down (the form can be obtained from the local HUD CPD field office) for all grants of funds for new construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation. (24 CFR 578.81) HUD Field Office Counsel must approve the use and repayment covenants in advance of their being recorded, and proof of recording must be submitted to HUD Field Office Counsel before HUD will release grant funds, other than acquisition funds.

(h) All new CoC Planning or UFA Costs project applications are limited to 1-year grant terms and 1 year of funding.

(i.) The maximum amount for one year of funding to spend on administrative costs associated with the CoC planning activities listed at 24 CFR 578.39 is 5 percent of FPRN, up to a maximum of \$1,500,000, or \$50,000 whichever is greater.

(ii.) The maximum amount for one year of funding to spend on administrative costs associated with the UFA costs described at 42 USC 11360(g) is up to 3 percent of FPRN or \$1,250,000 per fiscal year; whichever is less.

(iii.) CoC Planning and UFA Costs grants are not renewable; however, if a FY 2024 CoC Planning or UFA Costs application is selected for award, HUD will fund a FY 2025 CoC Planning and, if applicable, a UFA Costs grant based on the FY 2024 application and subject to FY 2025 appropriations.

(i) Any new project that is requesting consideration under the DV Bonus or DV Reallocation processes [see sections I.B.3.j, I.A.3.c and I.B.2.b.(6) of this NOFO] may only request 1 year of funding, but may request a longer initial grant term not to exceed 18 months regardless of project application component type.

C. Rules that Affect How HUD Evaluates Applications

1. Assessing Applicant Risk

In evaluating risks posed by applicants, HUD may use a risk-based approach and may consider any items such as the following:

a. Financial stability;

b. Quality of management systems and ability to meet the management standards prescribed in 2 CFR part 200;

- c. History of performance. The applicant's record in managing Federal awards, if it is a prior recipient of Federal awards, including timeliness of compliance with applicable reporting requirements, failing to make significant progress in a timely manner, failing to meet planned activities in a timely manner, conformance to the terms and conditions of previous Federal awards, and, if applicable, the extent to which any previously awarded amounts will be expended prior to future awards;
- d. Reports and findings from audits performed under Subpart F—Audit Requirements of 2 CFR part 200 or the reports and findings of any other available audits; and
- e. The applicant's ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements imposed on non-Federal entities.

2. Past Performance

In evaluating applications for funding, HUD will consider an applicant's past performance in managing funds. Items HUD will consider include, but are not limited to:

The ability to account for funds in compliance with applicable reporting and record keeping requirements

Timely use of funds received from HUD

Timely submission and quality of reports submitted to HUD

Meeting program requirements

Meeting performance targets as established in the grant agreement

The applicant's organizational capacity, including staffing structures and capabilities

Timely completion of activities and receipt and expenditure of promised matching or leveraged funds

The number of persons served or targeted for assistance

Promoting self-sufficiency and economic independence

Producing positive outcomes and results

OMB-designated repositories of government-wide data, as noted in [2 CFR 200.206\(a\)](#)

HUD may reduce cores based on the past performance review, as specified under Section V.A. Review Criteria. Whenever possible, HUD will obtain and review past performance information. If this review results in an adverse finding related to integrity of performance, HUD reserves the right to take any of the remedies provided in the [Pre-Selection Review of Performance section of the Eligibility Requirements for Applicants of HUD Financial Assistance Programs](#).

3. Statutory and Regulatory Requirements

To be eligible for funding under the FY 2024 - 2025 CoC Program and YHDP Competition NOFO, project applicants must meet all statutory and regulatory requirements in the Act and the Rule. The non-competitive renewal and replacement of YHDP grants are administered under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 which permits YHDP projects to be renewed or replaced competitively or non-competitively through the CoC Program [see section I.B.3.e of this NOFO]. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 provides that none of the FY 2024 funds made

available under this NOFO shall be available to provide funding for new projects, except for projects created through reallocation, unless the Secretary determines that the continuum of care has demonstrated that projects are evaluated and ranked based on the degree to which they improve the continuum of care's system performance.

Project applicants can obtain a copy of the Act and the Rule on [HUD's website](#) or by contacting the NOFO Information Center at 1-800-483-8929. Individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, as well as individuals with speech or communication disabilities may visit <https://www.fcc.gov/consumers/guides/telecommunications-relay-service-trs> for more information on how to make an accessible telephone call to HUD.

4. Threshold Requirements

Applicants who fail to meet any of the following threshold eligibility requirements are deemed ineligible. Applications from ineligible applicants are not rated or ranked and will not receive HUD funding.

a. Project Eligibility Threshold. HUD will review all projects to determine if they meet the following project eligibility threshold requirements on a pass/fail standard. If HUD determines the applicable standards are not met for a project, HUD will reject the project. HUD will consider any project requesting renewal funding as having met these requirements through its previously approved grant application unless HUD receives information to the contrary (e.g., monitoring findings, results from investigations by HUD's Office of Inspector General, the recipient routinely does not draw down funds from eLOCCS at least once per quarter, consistently late Annual Performance Report (APR) submissions). Approval of new and renewal projects is not a determination by HUD that a recipient is compliant with applicable fair housing and civil rights requirements.

- (1) Project applicants and potential subrecipients must meet the eligibility requirements of the CoC Program as described in the Act and the Rule and provide evidence of eligibility required in the application (e.g., nonprofit documentation).
- (2) Project applicants and subrecipients must demonstrate the financial and management capacity and experience to carry out the project as detailed in the project application and the capacity to administer federal funds. Demonstrating capacity may include a description of the applicant and subrecipient experience with similar projects and with successful administration of SHP, S+C, or CoC Program funds or other federal funds.
- (3) Project applicants must submit the required certifications specified in this NOFO.
- (4) The population to be served must meet program eligibility requirements as described in the Act, the Rule, and section I.B.3.k of this NOFO.
- (5) Project applicants, except Collaborative Applicants that only receive awards for CoC Planning costs and, if applicable, UFA Costs, must agree to participate in a local HMIS system. However, in accordance with Section 407 of the Act, any victim service provider that is a recipient or subrecipient must not disclose, for purposes of HMIS, any personally identifying information about any client. Victim service providers must use a comparable database that meets the needs of the local HMIS.

b. Project Quality Threshold.

HUD will review all new project applications to determine if they meet the following project quality threshold requirements. HUD will not award funds to a new project unless the project was created through reallocation, or the CoC has demonstrated to HUD's satisfaction that projects are evaluated and ranked based on the degree to which they improve the CoC's system performance. HUD will consider any project requesting renewal funding, including renewing YHDP, as having met project quality threshold requirements through its previously approved grant application unless HUD receives information to the contrary (e.g., monitoring findings, results from investigations by HUD's Office of Inspector General, the recipient routinely does not draw down funds from eLOCCS at least once per quarter, consistently late APR submissions) and/or if the renewal project has compliance issues which results in the project not operating in accordance with the Rule. If awarded, a recipient must meet all the criteria listed in the criteria column for its component. Additionally, the housing and services proposed must be appropriate to the needs of the program participants and the community. A determination that a project meets the project quality threshold is not a determination by HUD that a recipient is compliant with applicable fair housing and civil rights requirements.

HUD will consider YHDP Replacement project applications including applications for new YHDP projects created through YHDP reallocation as having met project quality threshold requirements if the project application activities and costs are eligible under this NOFO. If a YHDP Replacement (including YHDP Reallocation) project application is not for activities and costs that are eligible under this NOFO, HUD will not reject the project under this project quality threshold, but HUD will require the project applicant to correct or revise information submitted after the final CoC Program award announcement but before executing the grant agreement.

Permanent Housing: Permanent Supportive Housing or Rapid Rehousing		
New Project Application Rating Factors	Points Available	Criteria
New Permanent Housing projects must receive at least 4 out of the 5 points available for this project type. New Permanent Housing projects that do not	1	The type of housing proposed, including the number and configuration of units, will fit the needs of the program participants.
	1	The type of supportive services that will be offered to program participants will ensure successful retention in or help to obtain permanent housing, including all supportive services regardless of funding source.
	1	The proposed project has a specific plan for ensuring program participants will be individually assisted to obtain the benefits of mainstream health, social, and employment programs for which they are eligible to apply meets the needs of program participants (e.g., Medicare, Medicaid,

receive at least 4 points will be rejected.		SSI, Food Stamps, local Workforce office, early childhood education).
	1	Program participants are assisted to obtain and remain in permanent housing in a manner that fits their needs (e.g., provides the participant with some type of transportation to access needed services, safety planning, case management, additional assistance to ensure retention of permanent housing).
	1	The average cost per household served is reasonable, meaning that the costs for housing and services provided by the project are consistent with the population the project plans to serve.
Joint TH/PH-RRH		
New Project Application Rating Factors	Points Available	Criteria
New Joint TH/PH-RRH component project applications must receive at least 6 out of 8 points available for this project type. New Joint TH/PH-RRH component projects that do not receive at least 6 points will be rejected.	1	The type of housing proposed, including the number and configuration of units, will fit the needs of the program participants (e.g., two or more bedrooms for families.)
	2	The proposed project will provide enough rapid rehousing assistance to ensure that at any given time a program participant may move from transitional housing to permanent housing. This may be demonstrated by identifying a budget that has twice as many resources for the RRH portion of the project than the TH portion, by having twice as many PH-RRH units at a point in time as TH units, or by demonstrating that the budget and units are appropriate for the population being served by the project.
	1	The type of supportive services that will be offered to program participants will ensure successful retention or help to obtain permanent housing, including all supportive services regardless of funding source.
	1	The proposed project has a specific plan for ensuring program participants will be individually assisted to obtain the benefits of mainstream health, social, and employment programs for which they are eligible to apply, and which meets

		the needs of program participants (e.g., Medicare, Medicaid, SSI, Food Stamps, local Workforce office, early childhood education).
	1	Program participants are assisted to obtain and remain in permanent housing in a manner that fits their needs (e.g., provides the participant with some type of transportation to access needed services, safety planning, case management, additional assistance to ensure retention of permanent housing).
	1	The project adheres to a Housing First model as defined in section I.B.2.b.(15) of this NOFO.
	1	The average cost per household served is reasonable, meaning that the costs for housing and services provided by the project are consistent with the population the project plans to serve.
SSO-Coordinated Entry		
New Project Application Rating Factors	Points Available	Criteria
New SSO-CE project applications (also known as centralized or coordinated assessment) must receive at least 2 out of the 4 points available for this project type. New SSO-CE projects that do not receive at least 2 points will be rejected.	1	The Coordinated Entry system is easily available/reachable for all persons within the CoC's geographic area who are seeking homelessness assistance. The system must also be accessible for persons with disabilities within the CoC's geographic area.
	1	There is a strategy for advertising that is designed specifically to reach households experiencing homelessness with the highest needs and who are disproportionately represented within the CoC's homelessness response system.
	1	There is a standardized assessment process.
	1	Ensures program participants, taking into account those who are from historically underserved population through the CoC's prioritization process, are directed to appropriate housing and services that fit their needs.

